BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM

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POLITICAL NOTES.

—The Bourbon style of Democrats are looming up all over the country.

—The Memphis *Appeal* is the next paper to declare the Democratic party dead.

—The Hon. J. Thomas Spriggs, of Utica is mentioned as a possible Democratic candidate for Attorney General of New York.

—A Tennessee paper is very positive that Hon. Horace Maynard will be the Republican nominee for Governor of the State in 1874.

—Either George O. Gorham, present Secretary of the United States Senate, or Governor Newton Booth will be elected United States Senator of California, in place of Eugene Casserly, whose term expires in 1875. The fight will be a bitter one.

—The Republicans of Bedford county will open the campaign with a grand mass meeting in Bedford on Tuesday evening next. Prominent gentlemen will be on hand to deliver addresses. The County Committee will meet for organization on the same day.

—The Detroit *Post* says: "Starting new parties in Ohio is becoming a regular business. The one started at Cincinnati last year did not succeed. Neither did the one previously started by Vallandigham. But the 'dead-beat' politicians of Ohio keep trying, in the hope of striking a lucky venture one of these days."

—We are not surprised that the Western Grangers are growing weary of the speeches which are now being inflicted upon them. Most of these speeches begin with, "I have not the good fortune to be a farmer, but I have always felt the most profound interest in the truly noble and predominant pursuit of agriculture, and never was that interest greater than now."

—The St. Louis *Democrat* wants to know "why it is that the New York *World* and many other papers keep attributing the action of the farmers' clubs in Illinois to the grangers? There are comparatively few Patrons of Husbandry in that State, and not one of their lodges has ever passed a resolution touching upon politics, or taken any political action whatever. It is no wonder that the grangers are indignant at the liberties taken with their name."

—The *Missouri Republican*, the leading Democratic paper of the Southwest says that in the national field the Democratic party is practically dead—that in Missouri the promise of reform given by the Democrstic party on coming into power has failed of fulfilment—that the party leaders have turned their backs upon the progressive measures of the period, and when compelled to obey the people they have shown half-heartedness. "Hence," it says, "when patriotism demands it, let the Democratic party slide!"

—Old men are coming to the front in the Democratic party, if we may judge by the nomination of William Allen for Governor of Ohio. He is sixty-eight years of age—a period at which most men think of retiring from business to arrange their accounts for life in another shape. But the Democracy of Ohio have had enough of the rule of their young men—their Pendletons, Edwings and Vallandighams, and are therefore seemingly resolved to unwrap some of their political fossil to experiment with the old and musty, in the hope of crowning their dirt-trailed banners with victory. We are curious to know whether the same policy will be persued in Pennsylvania.

—The Maine Democratic Convention of Tuesday adopted the Ohio straightout platform as far as it went. Desiring, however, to put at rest at once and forever all doubts as to the position of the Democracy on the subject of education, the Convention resolved, "That all attempts made to introduce into our American system of schools for the masses the Prussian system of compulsory education, should command the serious investigation of our people and the careful vigilance of the Legislature." This is about the most statesmanlike declaration of principle yet made by the Democracy. It is a cool, logical and plain presentation of what we should suppose would be the all absorbing issue in the Maine campaign.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
HON. ISAAC GORDON, of Jefferson County.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
HON. ROBERT W. MACKEY, of Allegheny Co

THE Republican State convention met at Harrisburg last Wednesday, Aug. 13th at noon, in the house of representatives. The delegates began to assemble the day before and by 12 o'clock Tuesday evening had nearly all arrived. It soon became apparent that R. W. Mackey was the most popular candidate for State Treasurer. His friends were firm and resolute, while those who had other preferences seemed very good natured over the prospect of defeat. It did not appear to be very clear at this early stage of the proceedings who would receive the nomination for Supreme Judge, but the contest seemed to lay between Judge Butler of Chester, Judge Parson of Philadelphia, and Judge Gordon of Jefferson, with the chances rather in favor os Judge Butler, in favor of whom there was considerable outside pressure. Hon. A. G. Olmsteed of Potter was chosen perminent Chairman with the usual list of Vice Presidents and Secretaries. Mr, Olmstead made a pleasant and impressive speech, after which the convention proceeded to ballot for State Treasurer, giving Mackey 115 and Henry 18, the nomination of Mackey was afterwards made unanimous. It will be seen by the note that no very active opposition was made to the renomination of Mr. Mackey, what better evidence can we have that he has been a good officer and given general satisfaction. Mr. Henry, the only one who contested the field with him conceeded from the street that Mr. Mackey would be nominated, and he made his canvass not for the present but for the future.

Few men have ever filled this important positon who have been able after three years service to boast of so wide spread personal popularity which could only be acquired by the faithful discharge of his responsible duties in an honest and efficient manner, and this popular endorsement of his official record is as flattering as it is well deserved. He has paid off in three years $5,000,000 of the state debt, and is now paying it off at the rate of $200,000 a month. This is encouraging especially to every poor man, for no debt means low taxes, it also demonstrates the administrative capacity of the man.

The contest for the judgeship was rather animated, the candidates being Paxson, Butler, Hall, Gordon, and Blair but it soon narrowed down to Paxson, Butler and Gordon and on the tenth ballot Judge Gordon was nominated receiving 77 out of 130 votes cast his nomination was afterwards made unanimous. This nomination with hearty approval by all Republicans. Isaac G. Gorden is a Jefferson county man and is eminently qualified for the position he is to fill. He is a man of superior talent, possessing a reputation for personal integrity, excelled by none. It is an excellent nomination and will give general satisfaction throughout the state.

The committee on resolutions reported and their report was unanimously adopted, but on account of the crowded state of our columns we are unable to give them this week. Will appear in our next issue.

NOTWITHSTANDING this is the "off year," we believe the Republican party is in better condition to fight "the good fight" than ever before. The Democratic party is a thing of the past, it has no main and living issues upon which to rally or stir up the enthusiasm of the people. It is now as it has always been—the worst enemy the laboring man has

It is opposed to-day to any measure which has for its object the amelioration of the condition of the laboring masses, as it had in its early history when it resisted so earnestly any effort that was made to lift out of the darkness of despair four millions of human souls; aye, more sought to extend the blighting curse of slavery over all the territories of the United States and compel every Northern freeman to become a slave-hunter. And it has a blacker record still—it struck a blow at the heart of the republic, and its hands are red with the blood of martyrs' slain in their country's defense. Is it strange that with such a record as this a party dies, that every year good men desert its ranks and unite their fortunes with the party which has shown its faith in Republican institutions by its works. Last year we thought the Democratic party were inclined to take a step in advance, and try to accommodate themselves to the existing state of affairs, although we believed that they sought to take this step not from choice but because they recognized the absolute necessity of some such move in order to retain their hold on their followers. For a time the best men of the party controlled, in a measure, its counsels, but it was only for a short time and it proved of no effect, the old Bourbon spirit refused to advance a step beyond the principles which had governed their actions seventy-five years ago. We do not hear Democrats boasting of the record of their party during the war, they go beyond that to the time when Jefferson and Jackson controled its actions. In fact they might be compared to some of the noble families of the old world who have nothing to be proud of except the noble and chivalrous deeds of their ancestors.

—The new Constitution as agreed upon second reading, makes a pamphlet of fifty-nine pages, and is about five times as large as the present instrument.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the REPUBLICAN.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 16, 1873.

THE WRECKED STEAMER, THE SAD STORY.

The correspondent for the public press usually welcomes every incident of more than ordinary interest. Since I have been connected with the REPUBLICAN as its Washington correspondent, until the other day, I had felt disposed to complain that no such event had occurred in our city. The season had been unusually quiet and all the representatives of the various public journals had been keeping up a constant grumbling because of the unusual dearth of news. The ordinary routine of official business, though of importance to the public cannot be made an exciting or entertaining theme.

But though events out of the ordinary line are usually made welcome. I hope I may never again be called upon to chronicle the history of such an affair as that which occurred on the Potomac river a few days ago. I take no pleasure in the recital of such sad incidents.

On the morning of the 8th instant the wharf at the foot of Seventh street in this city presented a lively and cheerful appearance. The steamer Wawaset lay at the peir with steam up ready to strart on her regular trip the mouth of the Come river. An unusually large number of persons were taking passage bound for various points in Maryland and Virginia. Many of these were ladies and children, pleasure-seekers, on the way to spend a brief season in the country on the banks of the Potomac, at shady, cool retreats away from the bustle and heat and dust of the city. These were accompanied to the wharf by their friends, their fathers and husbands, and brothers and sisters, and when the whistle blew giving warning that the time had arrived for starting and preparations were made for drawing in the plank many were the effectionate but cheerful good-byes that were spoken, and as the proud steamer backed away from the peir many were the dainty white handkercheifs that waved the last token of love and friendship after distance fordade the same to be expressed in words.

We are all familiar with such scenes and we all know that on such occasions we find everybody cheerful, hopeful and happy. The Wawaset steamed gaily down the river bearing her precious cargo of a hundred and fifty human lives. The passengers grouped themselves about the vessel and talked of the pleasures they anticipted in meeting friends and in sauntering about the cool and shady places on some quiet farm. Little children formed new acquaintances and in a short time were romping around in the enjoyment of pleasures that were almost if not entirely new to them. Such were the scenes on board this vessel until she had passed Aquia Creek. Many landings had been made. Passengers had been put off, and more had been taken on board, so that the original number had been rather augmented than diminished.

The steamer hove in sight of Chatterton's Point, and preparations were being made for sending a boat ashore, there being no peir erect there, when suddenly there arose a cry that startled every passenger, a cry that even made the stoutest hearts quail, while the timid and inexperienced were palsied with alarm. That fearful, frightful cry was —"*Fire!*" "FIRE!!" Other tongues took it up, and in a moment the wildest consternation prevailed. While some shouted louder than ever the terrible word "FIRE!!!" others stood mute and motionless. The cheeks of timid women turned pale and the wondering eyes of little children spoke a language that cannot be spoken in words.

The officers of the boat, perceiving the critical condition of affiairs, immediately turned her head to the shore in the hope of affording the passengers an opportunity to escape the peril that threatened them. The pumps were immediately set to work and the crew worked manfully with buckets but too late. The fire, which originated in the hold near the engine-room, only spread the faster when the hatches were opened to admit the hose, as the air was then more readily admitted to it. In the incredible space of ten minutes from the time the alarm was given the vessel was wrapped in flames, except a small portion of the forcastle, and the only reason why it, too, was not burning was the motion of the boat caused a current of air toward the stern, carrying the flames faster in that direction. Unfortuneately the larger number of passengers were in the after part af the vessel. Although the officers directed them to move toward the bow they were so frenzied or stuperfied with fright that they did not obey these instructions, and in a moment the passage from one end to the other was cut off by an impassable wall of fire. As the flames advanced the panic-stricken people were pressed farther and farther art. The merciless fiend began to encircle them and the clothes of ladies and children took fire. Then they sprang from death by fire into death by water. They clung to the railing till it was on fire then dropped into the water. Some seized hold of the ropes and chains hanging over the guards, where they were often clutched by persons struggling in death in the water near them. The crew of the vessel threw overboard chairs, stools, shutters, peach-boxes, barrels, and every article that seemed capable of being of assistance to the drowning victims.

The steamer grounded at about two hundred yards from shore in five feet of water, the beach being flat, and all who had managed to cling to her were now able to wade ashore. A small stern-wheel steamer passed up soon after and took on board some of the survivors and a few dead whose bodies had at that time been recovered. She arrived in the city the next morning before day and in a few moments the news of the disaster spread through the city, especially over that portion known as "the Island," nearest the wharves. The first estimate placed the number lost at about fifty, and it was generally supposed that this would prove to be an exaggeration, but contrary to all experience, it turned out to be an underestimate, as up to yesterday morning there has been recovered 82 bodies, and it is thought still more will yet be found. It is further supposed that some were burned. The total loss was likely not less than ninty, and it may have been fully a hundred. We will probably never know. It seems quite ecrtain that as many were lost and perhaps more. The number on board is not known, as the passenger-list was destroyed and there were among them many little children whose names were not registered.

The incidents connected with this disaster, unparallelled in its horrible results, would fill a large volume. Each of the survivors has a fearful story to relate, and each story is full of interest To give these harrowing details is a most unpleasant task.

Among those on board was the entire family of Officer Reed of the Metropolitan Police force, consisting of his wife, three bright children, an aunt and a neice. They were all lost. A few days ago they composed a happy, cheerful family; to-day but one of the seven remains on earth, a heart-broken, disconsolate man. Their bodies have been recovered and last Sabbath the funeral of three of them took place from one of our city churches attended by immense concourse of sympathizing friends.

There were two boats on board, one quite a large life-boat, the other rather smaller. The larger one was already prepared for lowerihg when the fire was discovered. It was immediately filled with colored people, and neither threats nor persuasions would induce them to leave it. There was some difficulty experienced in lowering it, when a stalwart colored man sprang into the bow, drew a long knife and cut the rope. The ropes at the stern being still fast and the boat being packed with so many persons it fell with such force that the stern was pulled out, the inmates precipitated into the river, they lost and the boat rendered useless for further service. Some of the crew disengaged the small boat and did good work with it in saving the lives of those struggling in the water.

A young lady, a resident of this city, was lost under circumstances that reflect but little credit upon a gentleman who was accompanying her. It seems that when the alarm was given he sought her and proffered his aid, but, according to his own statement, when the flames approached and her clothing took fire he left her to her fate and saved himself by swimming to the shore. He was either frightened out of his senses or he was too selfish to risk himself in the water with such a burden. Shame on such a man!

Among those on board was one hero whose name ought to be immortalized in song, to whose memory should be erected a monument of enduring stone inscribed with the story of his noble deeds. His skin was black. He belonged to that race which, to some minds, is forever accursed. But whatever the color of his skin, whatever the race to which he belonged, I am proud to acknowledge him my brother, to give him a place in my esteem far above most men whose complexion is fairer, whose blood is of more aristocratic origin. Black as ebony, rude in his manners, unlettered and uncouth as he was, nevertheless he was a hero. Seeing the awful death that awaited so many of those on board the fatal vessel he hesitated not a moment as to what he should do. Seizing a lady he sprang into the water with her, and being strong of arm and steady of nerve he struck out boldly for the shore bearing his precious burden. On reaching shallow water he placed her on her feet, and immediately returned to the vicinity of the burning steamer, the water surrounding which was by this time filled with struggling, shrieking and dying men, women and children. Here he seized another lady and again swam toward the shore, saving another life. This he repeated several times, but finally he was clutched by several drowning persons, any of whom he would gladly rescued from a watery garve, and having become somewhat exhausted from his prolonged and tiresome exertions, he was dragged beneath the waves and he and they all went down together never to rise again. "*Greater love hath no man than this.*"

The Wawaset was a great favorite here. Though not a large vessel she was considered one of the most staunch and properly equipped steamers that belonged at our wharves. She was designed more especially for carrying excursions and had been used principally for that purpose. She has, perhaps, carried more excursionists than any other vessel on the Potomac. She was manned by a competent crew, Captain Woods, her commander, being an experienced river man. It is impossible to say upon whom rests the responsibility for this fearful sacrifice of human life. The origin of the fire is not known. Numberless stories relating to the origin of the fire and the responsibility for the catastrophe are afloat, but it would be foolishness to place reliance upon any of them, and it would doubtless do injustice to innocent parties to give them greater circulation. An investigation is in progress before officials selected by Secretary Richardson, and it is the intention to make it thorough. Without passing judgment on any man let us await the result of this investigation. It seems that there must be blame somewhere. That such an unusual loss of life should occur on so still a stream as the Potomac, on a quiet day, and so near the shore seems to require explanation.

The testimony taken yesterday showed that Captain J. R. Woods had never taken out a license as master and that his license as pilot expired last month. The mate Mr. Robert W. Garvatt, never had a license. The vessel was inspected a little over four months ago and found to be in excellent condition. Her certificate, however, authorized her to carry but fifty passengers. At the time she was lost she had on board at least a hundred and fifty.

MURDERER HANGED.

William Jackson, colored, was hanged yesterday, between 1 and 2 o'clock, at Alexandria, Va., for the murder of his mistress, Mary Fletcher, in February, 1872. He made a speech of several minutes' length protesting his innocnce. Quite a rain was falling at the time, but this did not prevent a number of spectators from coming to witness the execution.

STATE NEWS.

—The storm of last week extended over a wide area of country, and did immense damage to property of all description. As far as heard from no lives were lost.

—Daniel Tile, a shoemaker of Claysville, Jefferson county, was drowned on the 9th inst., while endeavoring to rescue his little son from a like fate. The boy escaped.

—Jeremiah Moore, an old citizen of Peenville, Clearfield county, died on the 25th ult., aged nearly 80 years. He was a preacher and zealous defender of the Hicksite branch of the Society of Friends.

—The contract for the erection of a new court house in Mifflintown, Juniata county, has been awarded to Messrs. Hetriek & Fleisher, of Newport, for the sum of $42,300, the county commissioners to furnish brick.

—We regret to hear, that the condition of the Hon. William M. Meredith has become critical within the last few days, and that very slight hopes are entertained of his recovery. In this it may well be said "Death loves a shining mark."

—The Warren county Democratic Convention was held on the 12th inst., and does not seem to have been entirely harmonious. Only eleven towns were represented. After much wrangling, the "People's" ticket, so called, was indorsed, and the Convention adjourned.

—In a few weeks the State Centennial Executive Committee will organize in the State a sub-committee to promote and secure subscriptions to the Centennial stock. The same plan of operations is to be practiced in Delaware and New Jersey, and ought to be all over the Union.

—David Kirkland, son of James Kirkland, of Rayne township, Indiana county, was almost instantly killed on the 11th inst. He was riding on a load of oats, with a pitchfork in his hand, and falling off, was impaled on the prongs of the fork, which passed entirely through his body.

—Philadelphia is the "city of homes," and has more dwelling-houses in proportion to its population than any other city in the world. But all these though neat, comfortable, and furnished with the "modern conveniences," are not as substantially built as might be desired. The great rain storm of Wednesday, of last week, washed away the foundations of at least a score of those shells, called "bonus" houses. The remedy lies in a more riged system of inspection.

—At the Huntingdon county Republican Convention, on Tuesday, the Wood wing, nine delegates strong, headed by A. L. Guss, withdrew. Several of the bolters returned and participated in the proceedings of the afternoon. Among the resolutions was one denouncing the *Globe* as a journal for the "defamation of all Republicans who do not agree with them, and being thus only a source of weakness and dissension, it is declared unworthy of the support or confidence of the party."

—One of the Harrisburg papers has this bit of advice for the Democracy: When the Democratic State Convention which is to assemble at Wilkesbarre on the 27th, to construct their "salary-grab" resolution, they should not forget that only a *minority* of the Republicans voted for it, while a *majority* of the Democratic members, with Sam. Randall, Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, at their head, supported the measure heartily throughout; and further that of the fifty-two who have refused or returned the back pay forty-one are Republicans. They should remember these facts and be modest.

—Says the Easton *Free Press*: "On Sunday last, while Mr. Loras, of Easton, and a number of friends were picking berries in the woods near Belfast, they found a leather satchel and a heavy overcoat. On opening the satchel it was found to contain a large number of finger rings, ear rings, handkerchiefs, neckties, &c., all in good condition. On turning over the coat they found upon the the inside something that resembled flesh, but which had become so decomposed as to compel them to desist in making further inspection. From the appearance of the satchel it is supposed that it was the property of some peddler, but why it was left in the position where it was found is a mystery that will probably never be solved.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Wednesday Morning, Aug. 20, 1873.

Poetry.

THE ELEVENTH HOUR.

Whist sir! would you please to speak easy
And sit ye down there by the door!
She sleeps, sir so light and so restless,
She hears every step on the floor.
What ails her? God knows! She's been weakly
For mouths, and the heat drives her wild;
For Summer has wasted and worn her
Till she's only the ghost of a child.

All I have? Yes, she is, and God help me!
I had three little darlings beside,
As pretty as ever you see, sir;
But one by one drooped like, and died.
What was it took them you're asking?
Why poverty, sure, and no doubt!
They perished for food and fresh air, sir,
Like flowers dried up in a drought.

It was dreadful to lose them? Ah, was it!
It seemed like my heart-strings would break,
But there is days when with want and with sorrow
I'm thankful they're gone—for their sake!
Their father? Well, sir, the saints forgive me!
It's a foul tongue that lowers its own!
But what with the strikes and the liquor,
I'd better be struggling alone!

Do I want to keep this one? The darling;
The last and dearest of all!
You were never a father yourself, sir,
Or you wouldn't be asking at all!
What is that? Milk and food for the bady?
A doctor and medicine free!
You're hunting out all the sick children,
And poor toiling mothers, like me?

God bless you! and them that have sent you!
A new life you have given me, so,
And sure won't you look in the cradle
At the child you have saved, 'fore you go?
O mother of mercies! have pity!
O darling why couldn't you wait!
Dead! dead! and help in the doorway!
Too late! O my baby! Too late!

Our Story Teller.

HENRI;

OR

THE WEB AND WOOF OF LIFE.

BY WILLIAM G. CAMBRIDGE.

CHAPTER XVI.

THE BETHROTHAL.

ONE cool and bright morning in October, as I was crossing Broadway, I noticed a commotion down the street; I looked to discover the cause, and saw a horse attached to a buggy chaise running at full speed. As the carriage came nearer, I saw it contained only a female, and knowing that it must inevitably come in contact with a large wagon just beyond me, I resolved to attempt to save her, at all hazards. When the horse was nearly opposite, I sprang and caught him by the bit, and succeeded in bringing him to barely in season to save the carriage from being dashed to pieces, and its inmate, most probably, from serious injury. In doing this, I was not a little bruised; for I was taken from my feet, and dragged some rods. Still, my injuries were not of a very serious nature.

How great was my surprise, when I arose to my feet, to find that the young lady in the carriage was Irene Dinneford! She looked pale and much frightened; but a bright flush sprang to her cheeks, and her eyes lighted up with an unwonted brilliancy, when she saw who was her preserver. She sprang from the carriage and warmly grasped my hand, thanking me, not in words, but in looks, a thousand times. She said, "Henri, you must go home with me." I readily assented, and we got into a hack and were quickly driven to Mr. Dinneford's. She informed me, on the way, that she had rode out with her father; that he left the hors for a moment, to deliver a letter entrusted to his care. Some water thrown from a window near by, just at that momoment, frightened the horse. She had the presence of mind to grasp the reins, and was enabled, it being early in the morning, when comparatively few carriages were stirring to keep clear of them. She saw, as she approached the large wagon, that to pass it without coming in contact with it was almost impossible; and she felt that she had not long to live.

Soon after we had arrived at her home, Mr. Dinneford came in, all out of breath, and looking pale as death. When he found that his darling Irene was safe, he was overjoyed, and the pearly tears glistened in his eyes. I had the satisfaction of receiving the congratulations of the whole family, and among the happy I was the happiest. On account of my bruises, they said I must remain where I was for the present. Although I was not much hurt, I willingly consented to remain. Where else could I be so happy as in the company of Irene Dinneford?

The day passed away pleasantly, and I never felt better satisfied with myself and all around me. Irene and I were for the most of the time, alone. She seemed nearer and dearer to me than ever; that something, which had stood between us, like a cloud between the sun and the earth, had departed,—the specter had vanished, leaving but a slight shadow behind, even as the shadows of night still linger after the morning has dawned. Irene looked radiantly happy, and sat by my side, with one hand clasped in mine. her passionate eyes fixed earnestly upon me, as though they would say, "Our happiness is now complete!" The window where we sat commanded a full view of the western sky, in which reposed vast piles of fleecy clouds, in an atmosphere of gold. The sun was just decending, and ever and anon it hid its face behind a whit making it to look red and bright, like the fiery eyes behind it. Then again the cloud was removed, and a flood of glory swept through the world like the breath of the storm-god over the great waters. In the distance, the landscape smiled like a radiant bride, the face of the waters brightened, and the domes of the city gleamed with golden light. Again its face was hid, and now those mountains of snowy clouds shone with fiery grandeur and beauty, as though vast flames were glowing in their bosoms. Soon the day-king had decended to his bed, and the curtains of his golden couch were drawn closely around him, and we saw him no more, Now shadows rested on the landscape, played upon the face of the waters, and came in troops into the streets and lanes of the city.

I turned to Irene; tears trickled down her cheeks, and I asked her why she wept—if she was unhappy.

"It was too much for me," she replied. "Oh! what a beautiful sunset! Nay, radiantly glorious! Is heaven, think you, more beautiful?"

"I know not," I replied; "but there we trust, no jarring discords can come between us and celestial harmonies."

"True, true. But do not mar our present joy by inviting them hither now."

"I will not, dearest. But, less they should come, you must sing, and then they will seek to enter in vain."

She arose, and opened the piano, and sang, in sweet, clear tones, Burns' "Sweet Afton." I had never heard it before, and the words fell upon my ears like the sweet breathings of flute-like music, when they steal on harmony's soft wings across a quiet stream. She sang a livelier song, which I have frequently heard since, but oftener murdered than sung. I was charmed with the singing of a part of the chorus. Here are the words:

"Dearest for thee, thee only,
These mountain wilds are sweet to me;
Each crag and valley lonely
Are blessed because 'tis loved by thee."

She then played a wild, touching air, in which were mingled strains of thrilling sweetness, soft as the whispered music of zeyphers when playing among the petals of roses.

She now closed the piano, and came and sat down by my side. It was still light, and I could see that her face was radiant and happy.

"Henri," she said, earnestly, "how shall I ever cancel the debt I owe you?"

"What debt, Irene?"

"When in the greatest peril you delivered me, and, I believe, saved my life, at the risk of your own. I know not how to pay such a debt as that."

"I did not know it was you, Irene; so you are not particularly in debt."

"That does not alter the case. I must insist upon it that I owe a debt which I can never pay."

"Since you insist upon it, I will tell you how it may be cancelled."

"Do so," she said, quickly, "and it shall be done. What shall it be, Henri?"

I put my arms around her neck, and drew her towards me. "Give me the right to call you mine, only mine," I said, passionately. She leaned her head upon my bosom, and I folded her to my heart.

"You are mine, mine only," I whispered.

"Yes, dearest," and mutual kisses sealed the contract. Our bliss was short for she suddenly sprang from my arms, like a frightened fawn.

"What," I cried, "do you repent so soon?"

"O! no, Henri; but pardon me! My nature is so impetuous that I forgot what propriety required."

"I don't think so. These rules of propriety are like icebergs, decidedly chilling. Must the warmest and most generous feelings of the heart be all chained or crushed, whenever they would leap into life?"

"I would that mine might be chained, sometimes."

"I shall disagree with you. Would you bind the winds, and chain the lightning?"

"Yes, both, when they are likely to do mischief. Your smile pleases me, and I will seek to profit by it."

"Very well, but give me the assurance that you love me—that I shall have the right to call you my own, Irene."

She gave me her hand, and whispered, "I am thine!" We were here interrupted by the ringing of the tea-bell, and our blissful *tete-a-tete* was ended.

That night I had a strange dream, leaving an impression which I could not shake off. I thought that a spirit came and stood by my bed, and gazed upon me with a mild, reproving look. Its face resembled Helen Means'. It did not speak, and yet I felt that I must go with it. I hastily arose, and was surprised to find how quickly I had recovered from my injuries. In a brief period I was at my boyhood's home. Once more the humid hills and valleys and green woodlands were smiling and rejoicing all around me. The flowers were again blushing, as they frolicked with the zephyrs, and the butterflies were dancing gayly through the soft and balmy atmosphere, as though a world of happiness filled their little hearts. Once more I stood by that dark stream of water, and saw golden-tinted fish. Then I was startled by a loud cry of distress; and I hastened, with my natural impetuosity, to deliver a little girl from the brutal hands into which she had fallen. The child was poor and pale, and her clothing ragged and dirty. "I know you," thought I; "you are Helen Means."

In a moment, as it were, the scene had changed. I was walking in a dark and unknown wood; the rain was beating down in torrents, and the wind was shaking the tall forest trees in great wrath, and moaning, and howling, and shrieking, as though the woods were filled with the ghosts of the damned. The spirit was still with me. It led me to a large tree, and beneath it reposed in soft sleep, although the storm was beating upon it, a little child. A sweet smile played upon its pale face; and as I gazed in wonder upon so strange a sight, I thought, "And you, too, are Helen Means."

Again the scene had changed, and I was in the dearest spot to me on earth, for there had I spent my happiest days. It seemed a calm, star-light night, cool but beautiful. I could hear the soft liquid notes of a laughing stream, whose meandering course I had often followed, while at my side had walked or ran a gentle being,—a happy, blue-eyed girl, pure and truthful as an angel. In the distance, on yonder hill-side, the limbs of the trees were waving in the night-breeze, as if they welcomed me home again. I gazed with silent and breathless joy upon the calm scene before me. I was alone, but in a moment the spirit was again by my side. I knew I must follow it. Close to us was the house of my uncle; we entered the front door and walked up the stairs, and my guide led me to the bedside of a beautiful girl, who seemed to be in a troubled sleep. The spirit gazed at her steadfastly, with the eyes of love; and then turned to me and said, though no sound escaped its lips, "Her dreams are sad; thou mayest know their import." I now read her thoughts as plainly as I ever read in a book. She was dreaming of me—that I had forgotten her, and given my heart to another. Pearly tears started from their invisible founts, and slowly rolled down her pale cecks. She awoke and murmured, "Cruel, cruel Henri!" I was immeasureably distressed, and was about to speak, when I awoke. Just as I opened my eyes, I fancied I heard her say, "Thank heaven, it is all a dream!" I could with difficulty persuade myself hat I had not heard her voice. The words seemed to have been spoken in my room. I, too, was glad to find it all a dream. I was in a deep perspiration, and my cheeks were wet with my tears. "Strange," thought I, "that a dream should affect me thus!" I did not sleep again for my thoughts were so troubled that It could not. I courted the sleepy god in vain. I succeeded, at last, in driving away the thoughts that oppressed me, by the consideration, which I eagerly sought to impress upon my mind, that I had but passed th rough a troubled dream, caused, perhaps, by the previous day's excitement, and the injuries from which I was suffering.

I arose and dressed myself with difficulty, for my limbs were stiff and sore, and there was a severe pain in my side. When the family saw my haggard appearance, they expressed much solicitude, and were fearful that my injuries were more severe than I had supposed them to be. I told them I had not rested well but there were no alarming symptoms. I read so much pure sympathy and concern in the sweet face of Irene, that the effect of the dream soon departed, and my spirits were again boyant and happy. By the application of such remedies as were requisite, I was soon relieved from all my unpleasant symptoms. I felt that I should recover, for I had an angel for a nurse.

In the afternoon Ernest came to see me. His countenance looked more dejected than ever. He expressed a desire that Irene should sing. She complied, and sang,

"O, give me a cot in the valley I love,
'A tent in the green-wood, a home in the grove,'
And at my request,
"I dreamt I dwelt in marble halls."

Ernest stoot and gazed upon her with that same enraptured expression which more than once before, I had seen light up and make beautiful a usually tame and inexpressive countenance. Irene caught his glance, and a troubled look came over her, and just then I was a bit jealous. But it soon passed away, for I fancied she might be thinking of his joyless life.

The next day I wrote to my uncle, informing him of my engagement to Irene Dinneford, and the circumstances attending it, craving his blessing,—also my aunt's, Mrs. Stewart's and Helen's. A pang shot through my heart, as I wrote the dear name of Helen, and my strange dream was again vividly before me. But I finished my letter, and, with a heart half sad, half joyous, delivered it into the hands of a servant, to be taken to the office.

In a few days I had returned to the store, having, in the mean time, entirely altered my plans for the future. Mr. Dinneford had offered me a partnership in his business, which I had agreed to accept. The first day of January was fixed as the time when I should commence business; till then I was to remain a clerk, as I had been. On that day I was to lead Irene to the alter.

When Ernest learned of this arrangement, he signified his wish to close his service as clerk immediately; but Mr. Dinneford would not consent until his time expired, the last day of December. In due season a letter arrived from my uncle. It was brief, and, I thought cold. It commenced by expressing surprise that they were to lose me so soon,—hoped I might be very happy, and that they should have the pleasure, ere long, of seeing me and my affianced birde. Helen's name was not mentioned, and I felt a little piqued.

The days and weeks now passed away swiftly and pleasantly, for they floated on the rosy wings of love. Irene and I were much together, and we felt that to be near each other was happiness. Not that our bliss was unalloyed, for there were moments when neither seemed at ease. I knew not what were the thoughts that made her unhappy, but I well knew my own. That mysterious dream often troubled me, and the thought that Helen was lost to me forever made me at times wretched. A long time had passed, and she had not answered my last letter. My uncle had written that she was indisposed, and unable to write. I thought of going to her, that I might comfort her in her hour of sorrow; but something held me back. A few months before, and I should have flown on the swift wings of love.

It pained me not a little to realize that the nearer the day approached for our marriage, the less there was of mutual love and sympathy between us. Instead of that oneness of feeling and sentiment, that melting and mingling of two beings into one, which is so requisite to secure happiness in married life, there was a mutual shrinking away, as though we dreaded the hour when the law should declare us husband and wife. The old shadow had returned, and stood, with a stern glance, to frighten us back, like the lions in the path of the pilgrim, whenever we would approach the goal of happiness. I was often thinking of Helen, and Irene was thinking of—I knew not what. She once expressed to me her fears that we should never be happy. I asked her why she thought so. She said she did not know, but she could not drive the troubling thought from her heart. I threw my arms around her, and, as her head rested upon my bosom, I whispered, "All will yet be well,"—though I but half felt it.

We do not always know the import of our own words. The seer tells of things which are yet to come to pass, but does not understand them. He is often a medium of truth to the world, the importance of which he has no conception.

CHAPTER XVII.

A WALK IN THE PARK.—EAVES-DROPPING.

It was the second week in December, and the nuptial day was rapidly approaching. One evening, just as the sun had set, I called at Mr. Dinneford's It was warm, like summer, and not a flake of snow had yet fallen. I inquired for Irene, and was told that a cousin had arrived from the country that afternoon, and that she, Mr. Dinneford and Irene, had gone to walk in the Park. I walked leisurely there, and soon encountered Mr. Dinneford, who was alone. I asked for the girls, and he pointed them out, some distance off, walking very slowly, as though engaged in deep conversation.

"I let them stray," said Mr. Dinneford, "for they are old cronies, and I was well aware, by their actions, that they had a number of young girls' secrets to disclose to each other. And now, as you have come, I shall take myself off, being of no further use."

I did not immediately follow them, but let them continue their conversation until it had became dark. As I approached them, they took a seat, without noticing me, so much were they engrossed with the subject that engaged their attention. I thought I would step up behind them, and give them a sudden start. When I was nearly to them, I heard her cousin say,

"And so you are engaged to marry, and yet you are fearful that you do not love him."

"I know that I do not love him as he deserves to be loved, or as his nature requires," was the answer.

I was now deeply interested, and I could not resist the temptation to hear more.

"And shall you marry him, if you cannot love him?"

"I suppose I must, now it has gone so far.

"But you must not do anything of the kind. What right have you to go to the altar, if you do not love?"

"I sometimes feel it to be wrong; but I highly respect him, and almost love him; and our minister says that respect is, on the whole, better than love, for there is something to found love upon after marriage."

"Your minister is a fool! I have no patience with many of the clergy of the present day; they don't seem to be more than half human."

"Why, how you talk of the clergy! Mother would think you a heathen, to hear you."

"What I say is true, nevertheless. Tell about respect being better than love! What constitutes marriage but mutual love?"

"I feel that you are right; but I will marry Henri, and I shall love him, he is so noble and generous."

"Why do you think you shall love him after marriage, if you cannot before?"

"Because I almost love him now; and sometimes have felt that I love him with my whole heart. O! how often have I prayed that it might be so always!"

"And yet your prayer is not answered. Irene, it is not right that it should be. Your love for him is that of a sister for a dear brother, rather than a husband."

"I am fearful that it is so, but I hope not. After we are married, I shall feel that we must be all in all to each other; and he is so good, I doubt not I shall love him dearly."

"Irene, the girl who gives her hand to a man she does not love, perils her own happiness and the happiness of her husband, and commits a great wrong. You will not marry Henri!"

"Do not say that, Mary. Henri saved me in the hour of peril, and I have promised to marry him. My parents have given their consent and their blessing. The day is rapidly approaching. It is too late now."

"No, it is not too late,—you are not yet married. There is yet time, if you only act as a woman should."

"But can I do him so great a wrong, when he has done so much for me? And what would my parents say?

"The greatest wrong you can do Mr. Eaton is to marry him, when you cannot give him your whole heart."

"O, but he shall never know it. It is too late to think of breaking our engagement now. I will marry him!"

"Irene, be candid with me. Is there not some other being in the world whom you love more?

"I do not know, Mary."

"You do not know! But you *do* know, and you cannot hide the truth from your own heart. Tell me who it is, and why you are separated."

"You are a strange girl, Mary, and seem determined to bring all my hidden thoughts to light. To tell the truth there is one whom I have often fancied that I could love, if he would love me; and I thought so before I ever saw Henri."

"I guessed as much. Who is the gentleman?"

"The bashful clerk to whom I introduced you, when you were here last."

"I cannot say that I admire your taste. I should prefer Mr. Eaton; but we do not all think alike. But does he know anything,—is he intelligent? He appeared to me very dull and stupid, and entirely devoid of language, excepting no and yes, and frequent hems."

"He is very diffident, and often stupid; but I know he has a soul true and noble. One who lacks intelligence and goodness could not look as I have seen him. I have seen his countenance lit up, as it were, by inspiration; and O, how noble it looked! And his eyes—how full of passion they were, and how entrancing was their expression!

"I think he would feel flattered to hear you now. I see plainly enough that you love him. But have you any evidence that this feeling is mutual?"

"I have thought so, when his eyes were fixed upon me so passionately, and seemingly so full of admiration; and, besides, he is so much more sorrowful since he learned my engagement with Henri."

"Irene, you shall marry Ernest, and not Henri."

"O, no! it may not be. I do not know that I should like Ernest at all, if better acquainted. In three weeks I shall be married, and then Ernest will be nothing to me. But you must never mention this to a single soul."

"No, dear, I will not. You know that you can trust me; but do you think Mr. Eaton would marry you, if he knew what your feelings are."

"I do not believe he would. I sometimes think that he does not love me. He is very different, at times,"

"Another reason why you should not marry. It must not be, Irene."

"I have told you that it is too late to retreat. I know what my father would say. I never had a cross look or an angry word from him in my life, and I could not bear them now."

By this time I had heard enough, and I walked softly away, and went quite a distance from them, and came up in a different direction, that they might not mistrust that I had heard their conversation.

And does the reader ask what were my thoughts and emotions, while I listened to this revelation? They were peculiar, as might well be supposed. At first, I was not a little mortified. It was not very pleasing to learn that another was preferred to me, when our wedding-day was so near at hand. For a few minutes the green-eyed monster had such power over me, that I trembled with emotion. I soon got the mastery of this unmanly feeling, for I knew that to give way to it was foolish and wrong; and then my thoughts were not at all painful. In fact, a burden seemed to be removed and a weight taken from my heart. In a brief period I had formed my plan of action; and I walked rapidly to where they sat, apprizing them of my approach by a loud hem. They seemed a little embarrased when they saw me, but my manner quickly reassured them. Irene introduced me to Mary Dinneford, her cousin, from New Jersey. I had seen her before, but had not received an introduction.

I told them that I had met Mr. Dinneford, and he had commissioned me to attend them home. They arose, and I offered an arm to each, and we walked leisurely homeward. The evening was spent in agreeable conversation. When the clock had struck ten, I signified to Irene that I wished a private interview. She looked surprised, as it was the first evening of her cousin's visit, and we had spent the previous together. Probably they intended to have had a confidential conversation after they retired.

"Will it be long?" she inquired, hesitatingly.

"Most likely," I replied. "But why do you ask?"

"Excuse me," she answerd. "I asked because it interferred with a previous arrangement. But I will make it all right."

She crossed the room to her cousin, and they continued to whisper together for some time. During their conversation her parents withdrew. Soon after, Agnes followed, accompanied by Mary. We were now alone. I confess I never felt so much embarrassed before, and Irene seemed as much so as I was. I asked her to sing. She complied, and sang a beautiful air, with words which I thought, very appropriate for the occasion. She now took a seat by my side on the sofa, where we had spent many happy hours. I took her hand, and informed her that I had a long story to tell her, with which I thought she would be interested. She looked a good deal puzzled, and I commenced. My story was of Helen Means and myself. I gave her an account of our first acquaintance, the measures I took to get her out of Deacon Webber's hands, her dressing in boys' clothes, sleeping in the woods, and, finally, being found by my uncle and carried to his home. I also gave an account of her sickness and my subsequent removal to my uncle's; the happy days we had spent together; and I closed with my strange dream. In giving this history, I dwelt much upon the merits of Helen,—her loving and forgiving spirit, her tender and truthful heart.

She listened with deep attention; and when I had finished my narrative, she remarked that it was an interesting and touching story.

"But why," she asked, "have you chosen this hour to tell it to me?

"Can you not surmise the reason?"

She looked at me inquiringly, but did not speak.

"Irene," I said, "I will be candid with you. I am afraid that I love Helen better than I do you."

"I now understand you."

"Well?"

"You wish the engagement betwee us should close."

"Would it not be best?"

"Certainly, if you do not love me."

"Is it not in accordance with your wishes?"

"I should not wish to marry you, if you loved another."

"No, but would you wish to marry me, if I loved you only?"

"Yes."

"Be candid, Irene. Is it the sincere desire of your heart,—your whole heart?"

"Henri, why do you ask such questions?"

"Because I have often noticed, that when we where together, and should have been happy, your thoughts were elsewhere."

"The same thing I have noticed in you."

"I was thinking of Helen Means."

"Yes."

"And where were your thoughts, Irene?"

She was silent.

"Irene, I have been guilty of a breach of etiquette, which, I fear, you will not pardon."

"I can tell better when I know what it is."

"Certainly."

"Will you inform me? Nothing very bad, I hope."

"You shall know. I listened to your conversation, to-night, in the Park."

She sprang to her feet, and her eyes flashed.

"Is it possible Henri? I would not have believed you capable of it!"

"Sit down," I said, "and hear my justification."

She mecnanically obeyed.

"As I approached you, I heard your cousin say, 'And yet you are fearful that you do not love him?' Do you wonder that I stopped to hear the reply?"

"No."

"You are aware what followed. I despise an eavesdropper as heartily as you can. But, had you been in my place, would you have acted differently?"

"I think not."

"Then I am forgiven."

"You are."

"Thank you. Now let us come to an understanding. The feeling must be mutual, that our engagement shall be broken off."

She nodded assent.

"Irene," I continued, somewhat affect-

ed, "you will yet be happy. I believe that Ernest loves you."

She seemed to awake suddenly from a painful revery.

"O, do not tell him what you heard me say! I beg of you, Henri!"

"I will do as you wish," I replied.

"Now tell me," said she, looking at me earnestly; "is not Helen Means a creature of the imagination?"

"Why do you ask?"

"I have never heard you speak of her before; and I have thought, now that I am aware you heard our conversation to-night, that you might have invented this Helen, to show that our intended marriage was as distasteful to you as to me."

"You are mistaken,—I have told you but the truth."

"I am very thankful that it is so. But, O! how sad I feel! As I know that you are never to be my husband, a sense of dreary loneliness steals over me."

"I, too, feel sadly; but the shadows will not remain long,—the morning sun will chase them away."

"What will my poor father say? It will almost break his heart."

"Leave it to me. I know it will be a serious disappointment to him; but it will come out right in the end."

"I fear his displeasure."

"You need not, if you will let me manage the whole affair. No blame shall fal on you."

"You are ever generous. But can I consent to let you suffer for me? No, no, Henri! You once perilled your own life to save mine; and, when I think of that noble act, I feel that I would marry you, did I love another with my whole heart!"

"There you are wrong. I simply did what you would do, if you had the opportunity."

"Perhaps so. But I will go to my father, this night, and tell him all!"

"That you must not do. Your father is, most likely, in a sound sleep now, and he would not thank you for waking him at this time of night to hear a romantic love-story. I shall insist upon taking the matter into my own hand."

"Do as you think best; for your will is stronger than mine. O, Henri! you would have thought, by my words in the Park to-night, that this scene would have relieved me of a burden, and made my heart light; and so I thought, but it was never so sad before. My hopes have so long centered in you, that now I feel alone!"

"Do not indulge in such feelings. Think of Ernest!"

"O, do not mention him! He does not love me."

"I believe he does, and you will soon learn the fact. Hereafter, we shall be as brother and sister to each other."

"I cannot comprehend it."

"You will, ere long; so think of the happy days in store for you."

I arose to depart. She looked at me with earnest, tearful eyes, and then sprang into my arms, with all the impetuosity of her nature, and hung weeping upon my neck. My tears were mingled with hers. That last love embrace was long and painful, in which were mingled sighs, tears, and kisses. It was with difficulty that we tore ourselves apart. All our old feelings seemed to have concentrated into that moment, with three fold power. I now wonder that we did not pledge ourselves anew. Had either mentioned it, I doubt not we should have done so. It was well that we did not. I felt the danger we were in,—two such impulsive natures as ours,—and I took my hat and hastily fled from the house, leaving Irene weeping upon the sofa.

After I had retired to my bed, I had time to collect my thoughts; and I felt that we had none right, and soon every vestige of regret had fled, and I fell into a calm and refreshing slumber.

TO BE CONTINUED.

——List of Grand Jurors for August Term, 1873:

Bellefonte Boro'—R. S. Downing, H. B. Pontius, James Furey.
Milesburg—David Furey.
Philipsburg—Jno W. Mattern, S. B. Potter.
Benner twp—Richard Conley, D. Loder.
Ferguson—G. M. Weaver.
Gregg—Wm. Homan.
Haines—Micheal Feidler.
Howard—Ira C. Leathers.
Liberty—Jno Mosslerode.
Marion—David Tibbens, Sam'l Alley.
Miles—Isreal Rochow,
Patton—W. F. Thompson, G. W. S. Gray.
Penn—Christ Alexander, J. H. Auman.
Potter—Wm. R. Hennich, Levi Walters.
Spring—C. H. Gentzel.
Union—James Steer.

List of Traverse Jurors for August Term, 1873:

Bellefonte boro'—James L. Sommerville, Augustus Cox, Jno Hoffer, S. S. Lyon, Adolph Loeb.
Milesburg—Joseph Rodgers, T. M. Hall.
Philipsburg—Albert Owens.
Unionville—Benj. J. Riehe George Alexander.
Benner twp—Geo. Dale.
Burnside—Sebastin Fisher, Rudolph Mallholland.
Boggs—W. D. Harper. Sam'l Pletcher, M. H. Mackey, John Hays.
Ferguson—Aaron Smith, C. D. Miller, Levi Hustonborder, Conrad Frye, Amos Royer, J. M. Gates, David Miller
Gregg—Henry Krumrine, Geo. Krape, O. P. Rearick, Abraham Love.
Howard—Micheal Pletcher, J. W. Hall.
Haines—Daniel Smith.
Huston—Jno W. Stewart, Geo, W. Miles.
Half Moon—Jno A. Hunter.
Liberty—Joseph Pletcher,
Marion—Geo. S. Hoy.
Miles—H. G. Miller, Sam'l Brumgard.
Penn—Daniel Peidler, H. G. Smith, Jas. Karstetter.
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When weary and languid from overwork, and dullness, drowsiness and inertia take place of energy and vigor the system needs a *Tonic* to build it up and help the Vital Forces to regain their recuperative power.

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"We hope the publisher will sell 100,000 copies of this book during '73."—*Boston Advertiser.*

"We have just painted our house as advised by the author, and congratulate ourselves that no dwelling in our neighborhood excells ours in appearence."—*Harper's Weekly.*

"In selling a sample copy for 20 cents, Mr. Baird must feel certain an order for 25 bound in cloth will follow."—*Frank Leslie.*

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Sample Copy, pamphlet form, only	20 cents.
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J. WELCH & CO, AGENTS, OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.

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EDWARD T. TUTEN, ...Editor.
ROBERT P. TUTEN,.....Publisher.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

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FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa., by

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,

at the following rates:

One year in advance,.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....$2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..$3.00

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Papers will not be sent out of Centre county *unless paid for in advance.*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts. per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts. per line for each insertion

Marriage or Death announcements published of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

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Address all communications, relating to business, to E. T. & R. P. TUTEN, Proprietors.

Bellefonte, Pa

Republican Delegate lections and County Convention.

The Republican voters of Centre county are requested to assemble at their usual places of holding Delegate elections, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 23, 1873,

for the purpose of electing delegates to represent them in the County Convention, to be held in Reynolds' Hall, Bellefonte, on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1873,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of nominating a ticket to be supported at the ensuing October election.

JOHN T. JOHNSTON,
Aug 9, '73-td. Chairman.

LIBERAL DEMOCRACY.

Groesbeck's response to his Ohio friends, when asked to name the new party, or rather to disguise the old party under a new name, was pathetic in the extreme. "Call it the Liberal Democracy," said the bland old gentleman; "the new organization should be the joint work of Democrats and Republicans, and both should be equally at home in it, neither the guest of the other." If Mr. Groesbeck had stopped here, we might have thought him honest in his advice; but, in his eagerness to put himself on record as a consistent Democrat, he reveals the insincerity of the words he utters. He says: "I am a Democrat, but I should be very glad to see the Democracy move out of its old organization into a new one. You will not succeed unless you do. It may be that they will refuse and prefer to tarry where they are for the balance of the century, and until they can fix the meaning of the resolutions of '98. *If so, I suppose I shall tarry with them.* After all, I like them, and I like the old political homestead; I confess it is somewhat dilapidated; there are no banners upon its walls, and victorious shoutings are no longer heard within, but it is a home still, and *I shall not leave it until it is pulled down.*" From this we infer that the Liberal Democracy must do without Mr. Groesbeck until the dilapidated old shanty which covers him is either blown or pulled down. He seems ready to advise others to leave the old homestead, but loth himself to vacate the bannerless walls whence the unterrified shouts of Democracy have departed forever. "I shall not leave it until it is pulled down." Brave old spirit to face the dangers of the final crash! Glad, in one breath, "to see Democracy move out of its old organization into a new one;" determined in another to tenant the old shell until it is pulled down about his ears. "Call it Liberal Democracy." He might have said, with truth: "Call it anything you please but don't ask me to move into it. I would rather be a hermit, living alone among the deserted ruins of Democracy, than a defeated candidate for Govenor of Ohio under the new party which I advise you to form." This is probably what Mr. Groesbeck means. He knows that a third party, or a new party, formed out of the rejected material of the last Presidential election, would show even less strength than the one led by the unfortunate Greeley, and for this reason he prudently declines the nomination tendered him as candidate for Governor. If we are not mistaken Mr. Groesbeck is but one of thousands in the land who are willing to favor some combination of political forces strong enough to defeat the Republican party, but are unwilling to risk a personal sacrifice in the aforesaid combination. It is possible they are wiser than the crowd they advise.

MEEK AGAINST LABORING MEN &c.,

"Act of Assembly. May 8. 1869. Sec 1.

"It shall be lawful for laborers and all classes of mechancs, journeymen, trade men and laborers, to form societies and associations for their mutual aid, benefit and protection, and peaceably to meet, discuss and establish all necessary by-laws, rules and regulations, to carry out the same, all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed. Provided. The provisions of this act shall not apply to the Counties of Clearfield *and Centre.*"

We have again inserted the act of assembly passed by P. Gray Meek, in 1869, when he was the member from this County, in order that the people, both Democrats and Republicans, may read it for themselves and refer to the laws of Penna. where they can find it, just as it came from the hands of Mr. Meek. We do it also for the purpose of showing the untruthful character of Mr. Meek's defence, when he denies the existence of such an infamous act or law.

In our last issue we called on the editor of the *Watchman* to come forward and explain why he favored the passage of such a law. We were utterly astounded at his defence or reply. A simple denial of the existance of such a law, without a single explanation or excuse. Does Mr. Meek assume to be such a demagogue, as to believe that intelligent men, no matter of what politics, will be satisfied with his denial when in any law office in Bellefonte, in any Pamphlet Laws of 1869, they can read the law for themselves?

Demagogue as he may be, and tyranical as he is in that party which he rules and *boasts* that he can *rule* as he pleases, we have reason to believe that many intelligent Democratic laborers and mechanics are now investigating some of his acts as a legislator, and they intend to hold him to account for what they find to be wrong. They can find much in that investigation which they cannot approve.

It is folly for any man to assume the authority that Meek has done in the Democratic party. It may do for a while but it will not always last. He may undertake to run a candidate for office with a distinct understanding that he will sell out to Meek, but one such attempt is all he can do in that line. He may frighten a poor man like Hon. Jacob G. Meyers from running for a second term, under the false idea that his course as a member of the house was not approved of by the Democracy, but with the real design of getting the office himself. He may succeed in such *dishonerable* conduct once, but the reward will hardly justify the *meanness* of the act.

He may use other arts and tricks familiar to himself, to defeat better men in getting nominations or in defeating them after they are nominated, but all this sort of politics is loosing cast with the better portion of his own party. A few men however will cling to him, just as they did when he undertook in the South Ward to have a man nominated for Treasurer, which the convention soon ignored. All we have to say on this point is that Mr. Meek did not seek or wish the nomination of Mr. Mitchell for Treasurer. We therefore assert that Mr. Meek cannot escape from the investigation that is demanded by any mean, paltry attempt to evade it. His very desire to evade the issue or falsify it, is a virtual admission of the truth of our former charges, not only in regard to the matter at preasent under consideration, but also as regards his back pay steal and his corrupting influence over the weak tools at the *Court House* to secure the misappropriation of the county funds.

Does Mr. Meek deny the right of the people, the right of the tax payer, the right of his own party to inquire into his official acts and conduct as their public servant?

Our inquiry as to the passage of this infamous and injurious act is made, not altogether as a Republican, but as one who is denied the benefit of the act itself.

If there is any thing in the world to justify Mr. Meek in refusing to explain to his constituency, why does he not tell us what it is, why will he not discuss it and let the voters know why such an *invidious* distinction should be made between the laboring men and mechanics of Centre County, and of the same class of men all over the State?

We can see very well the importance of the act. We see many benefits that may arise from it. We are free to say that such meetings should be encouraged all over our state; it is an act intended to remedy defects in the common law. Such being the beneficent effect of the law, why did Meek insert the provision that the benefits arising from this act should not extend to the laboring men and mechanics of Centre County? If as Mr. Meek says, the law is a wise and good one why did he exclude Centre County from its provssions? Why should it not operate in our county as it does in the state?

These are the questions we have asked before and we ask them again, but we fear we ask them in vain. His real reason he will never tell. We repeat our advice to the laboring men and mechanics of Centre County to wholly disregard this law, treat it as a fraud upon your rights; treat it as though Centre County was not excepted from its provisions; hold your meetings in defiance of it and its author; the very fact that the author of it refuses to explain why you were excluded is the strongest evidence that there is a grave mistake somewhere.

We advocate the most liberal laws in favor of labor and the mechanic; They are the bone and sinew of the republic, the boast of our state and the pillar upon which rests all the interests of the community, and when we see an attempt made to deprive them of any rights or privileges, we desire to know the reason why. We ask in a respectful manner of our late representative an explanation of his course as relates to this act, and he refuses to *condescend* to tell us a word about it. Our desire is to enlighten the people, to let them know what we conceive to be for their own best interest, and then to give them the most unbounded freedom to vote for whom they prefer for office. Whoever our representative may be, let him be Republican or Democrat, as the friend of the laboring man and mechanic we request, nay rather *demand* that the exception in this act shall be repealed. We ask that this shall be his first official act. One word further, we write our own editorials and are responsible for them as we are for this and we say to Mr. Meek that it is *weakness* in him to evade any farther the issue we have pressed and intend to press upon him as long as he is a candidate (and that seems forever) by trying to involve other private persons who have nothing to do with it whatever. It is ourselves who make these charges and it is you who are to answer them in a fair and candid manner or else by your silence to admit the truth of the endictment against you. When laws are passed of doubtful character or when laws are made destructive of the rights of the people we intend to let it be known, and no one wether he has accepted $5,000 extra pay or $500 back pay shall escape our notice. Times and men degenerate; there have been men recently elected to office who twenty-five years ago could not have been elected to the office of constable. The time however will come when the people will return again to the old land marks and men and public servants who have been unfaithful to their trust will be left behind and forgoten. Our desire is that the people will examine into the character of every candidate for office and then vote for the man or candidate whose character can bear the scruteny of such examination without blemish.

OFFICIAL CORRUPTION AMONG COUNTY OFFICIALS.

The great questions which divide the two parties in matters of State and National politics, have no significance at all when applied to purely local politics. What difference does it make to the tax payer whether the man elected to fill our county offices are Republicans or Democrats if they are honest men?—None at all. What the taxpayers of Centre county want are honest, efficient business men who will conduct the affairs of the county in an efficient, economical manner, and it makes no difference, whatever, what may be their views on questions of State or Nation.

Some of the men nominated at the late Democratic County Convention we hear well spoken of by men of all parties. Now what objection can there be to the election of such men? We must own that we can see none, while on the other hand there are some of them about whom we hear no good except from the Ring who, by wire-pulling and trickery, defeated the will of the majority and secured their nominations. Now does any taxpayer, be he Republican or Democrat, desire the election of bad men to office? We trow not. Now, it is a notorious fact that the present board of Commissioners are utterly unworthy the public confidence. They have squandered the people's money, using it for corrupt purposes. They have been the complete tools of the editor of the *Watchman*, obeying his every behest like very dogs. They have devoted the county patronage to the establishment of new papers to be subservient to their interest.

It is said the county is out of debt, with five thousaad dollars in the treasuey, if all outstanding taxes were paid, and yet they propose in the year to come, to raise by taxation $56,000.—With such a record as they have made in the past year, what do the taxpayers conclude that they propose to do with all this money? Are the hard working farmers and mechanics of Centre county going to earn money by hard work, and give it to a few lazy loafers who hang about the court house, for them to spend on such pet projects as the running of a Republican paper. We have exposed in the REPUBLICAN some of the jobs which have been "set up" during the pas year. These charges are, that they published the registry act, which is not required by law, at an expense of something like six hundred dollars.—They gave us a portion of the printing to do, until we called in question the justice of this act, and made a proposition that the printing should be let to the lowest bidder, which would make a great saving to the county, a project which would present itself to any business man as wise and judicious. For this piece of "Yankee" impudence they gave us to understand that we would get no more of their patronage, and Mr. Meek made the boast on the street that we would get no more printing to do for the county this year, not even a court proclamation. Mrs. Brown is still indebted to certain persons in official positions at the court house, and more of the county funds in the year to come, if these men are elected again, will be directed into that channel, while Mrs. Brown's paper, although claiming to be Republican, will not be free to call in question, seriously, any of the official doings of this corrupt combination. If the people like this state of things, why all they have to do is to re-elect this man Sankey. If they do not, what better course than to place in that position a Republican. We have nothing to gain by such a change, personally, as the board would still be Democratic, but the presence of one of a different shade of politics would be some restraint—would compel decency—and prevent the putting up of jobs, and a healthier state of affairs would exist and a more judicious expenditure of the public money. We ask the people to think of this matter. We appeal to you not as Republicans alone, or as Democrats, but as tax-payers, to investigate the official acts of your county officers, and see for yourselves what manner of men you place in positions of honor and trust. We cannot tell you half that we know, in one article; we shall have to give it in pieces along during the campaign. But we ask the people to investigate for themselves. If you do this, we feel confident that justice will be done.

JOHN H. ORVIS, the Democratic candidate for the Legislature, was a member of that body last winter, and tried and voted to have the usury laws repealed, in which he did not succeed.—The usury law as it now exists does not allow money lenders to charge more than six per cent. interest; if they do, the borrower can collect all over six per cent. from them by law.

Now, as it is well known that poor men, and men of small means, constitute the bulk of the borrowers, is it not fair to charge Mr. Orvis with voting to oppress the poor man in order to satisfy the greed of capital. It strikes us very forcibly that if the Republicans nominate a good man against him, that this vote alone on the usury law will be sufficient reason for defeating him.

Six per cent. is as much as two thirds of borrowers can afford to pay, and in our judgment it is as much as money lenders ought to ask, and the legislature acted very wisely in refusing to repeal it, Mr. Orvis to the contrary notwithstanding. Republicans of Centre county, if you will do your whole duty, Orvis will not represent Centre county at Harrisburg next winter.

——One of America's patriotic sons who had fought, bled and died on Virginia's soil for three years and a half endeavored to induce some obliging gentleman to step out into the middle of the street in front of the Bush House and have "his nose spread all over his face" on Saturday evening last, but no one seemed inclined to accommodate him and he was obliged to leave in disgust. In front of Garman's hotel later in the evening he gave further proof of his patriotism by expressing a desire to spend three years and a half in Bellefonte jail, and was kindly accommodated with lodgings at Shaffer's hotel until Monday, when his patriotism had considerably cooled down and his deliberations led to the conviction that he could serve his country to better advantage and with more glory to himself in some other quarter, and Sherif Shaffer again demonstrated his accommodating disposition by yielding to his guest's wishes.

——We were shown a very pretty design for a chart for the Undine Fire Co. executed by Harry Howard. It is to be a pen drawing abont 24 by 36 inches and will give the date of incorporation, names of officers and members, date of every fire it has attended, the deaths of its members, and will be adorned with appropriate emblems and mottoes. It will be a beautiful ornament to their rooms.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In your last issue I notice my name brought forward as a candidate for the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. Although I feel it quite an honor to be mentioned in connection with so high and responsible a position, yet would here state that I am not and do not desire to be a candidate, therefore, Messrs. Editors, you will please withdraw my name from among your list of announcements. Hoping that our nominating convention may place in the field a good, strong ticket, and that it may come out of the contest victorious, I remain

Yours Respectfully,
R. B. BARGER.

——List of letters remaining in the Bellefonte Post Office, Aug. 20, 1873.

Susan Bell, Miss Gussie Buck, G. L. Barger, George Brian, John Deighton, Miss L. Eynanson Wm. B. Predicy, Ephriam Glenn, Adam Grossmyer, Miss Allie Kein, John Lutz Mary Ann Miller, Thos. Poulting, Jeremiah Swartz, Jhhn Swann, Thos. Schillings, Samuel Solt, 2 Joseph Seader.

COMING TO BELLEFONTE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 30th.—JOHN O'BRIEN'S GRAND CONSOLIDATION. THE GREATEST OF ALL LAND EXHIBITIONS!—We find the following in the Philadelphia *Mercury*;—The monster Menagerie, Museum, Circus and great Caravan of Mr. John O'Brien's, wintering in Frankford, near the city, has already commenced to cast off sluggishness of hibernation, preparatory to the grand amusement campaign of 1873, which it will inaugurate in golden splendor about the 14th of April; 20 new and elegant Palace Dens or Cages, full with fine Curiosities, will be added to the already monster Menagerie resources of the show; and this grand department will be suplimented by a splendid Museum of animated and inanimated Curiosities. A Circus of "Star" proportions; the far-famed Lowande's, a troup of Brazilians, the only one family in this country, whose wild and fearless feats of horsemanship and agility, and amazing strength have no equal in the American arena, and constitute a most exciting and beautiful feature. The exhibition will be given under Six Separate Tents for One Price of Admission, so that the menagerie, museum, circus, &c., will present a united, yet divided, series of entertainments, each of which may be enjoyed without participating in the others, if desired. The best mechanical and decorative art is being liberally employed to put upon the highway a procession, which will be a line of Prismatic Golden Glory, and diversified panorama of paintings, plumes, brilliant uniforms, gay trappings. Now to dilute upon the huge animal and features which will daily be presented in the gorgeous free exhibitions, the Chariost to lead. One of them has already been built by Feilding Bros., N. Y. City; the other, is now being constructed by Mr. C. Castor, of Philadelphia, and will be in majestic and magnificent keeping with the whole. The painting and decorative work, upon which a small army of men are now busily employed at the establishment of John D, Witman, one of Philadelphia's famed painters and ornamenters—the work is being exquisitely done and promises an attractive result beyond anything we have ever seen, even in our wide experience in such matters.

And last, but not least, the Manager, Mr. O'Brien the proprietor of this really Grand Alliance of instruction and amusement, wonder and fun, learning and levity, is a responsible, honorable and temperate gentleman, possessed of ample means but animated by the desire to make every surrounding of his institution harmlessly attractive; he has a nerve to venture to an almost unlimited extent, but his determination, upon the strictest business principles of prompt payment, fair dealing and courteous intercourse. These qualities which can never fail to secure a repetition of the magnificent recognitions vouchsafed the exhibition for the past ten years.—*Philadelphia Sunday Mercury, March 1st.* 1873.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

WILD CHERRY BALSAM.—The memory of Dr. Wistar, is blessed in the hearts of thousands whom his Balsam of Wild Cherry has cured of coughs, colds, consumption, or some other from of pulmonary disease. It is now over forty years since this preparation was brought before the public, and yet the demand for it is constantly increasing.

LADY CAKE.—Take three-quarters of a cup of butter, beaten to a cream; add two cups of white sugar, one cup of sweet milk, four eggs beaten stiff, and three cups of flour, with one measure Banner Baking Powder; first mixing the Powder with the flour and passing both through a sieve.

Each can of the Banner Baking Powder contains a small measure to be used even full, according to printed directions. If you cannot obtain this really valuable article from your grocer, send twenty-five cents by mail, addressed to Banner Baking Powder, P. O. Lock Box, 317, Pittsburgh, Pa., and you will receive, postage paid, a quarter pound package, together with a list of fifty valuable Recipes.

DR. RADCLIFF'S GREAT REMEDY SEVEN SEAL OR GOLDEN WONDER.

We are authorized to state that William Knoffsinger Esq., is the only authorized agent for this great remedy in Centre county, with full power to appoint sub agents who shall report progress to him at least once in two weeks, and all persons dealing in this medicine are hereby notified to this effect. Address William Knoffsinger, Pleasant, Gap, Centre county, Pa.,
30-2t

FOR LOSS OF APPETITE, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits & General Debility, in their various forms, FERRO-PHOSPORATED ELIXIR of CALISAYA made by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York, and sold by all druggists, is the best tonic. As a stimulant tonic for patents recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal. If taken during the season it prevents fever and ague and other intermittent fevers.
29-4t

TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Your attention is specially invited to the fact that the National Banks are now prepared to receive subscription to the Capital Stock of the Centenaial Board of Finance. The funds realized from this source are to be employed in the erection of the buildings for the International Exhibition, and the expenses connected with the same. It is confidently believed that the Keystone State will be represented by the name of every citizen alive to patriotic commemoration of the one hundred birth-day of the nation. The shares of stock are offered for $10 each, and subscribers will recieve a handsomely steel engraved Certificate of Stock, suitable for framing and preservation as a national memorial.

Interest at the rate of six per cent per annum will be paid on all payments of Centenial Stock from date of payment to January 1, 1876.

Subscribers who are not near a National Bank can remit a check or post-office order to the undersigned.

FREDK. FARLEY, Treasurer,
904 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

BOTH A WOOD AND COAL BURNER,—Is the wonderful *"Barley Sheaf"* Cooking Stove, introduced a few years ago, and recently improved by the well-know founders, Messrs STUART, PETERSON & CO., Broad and Noble Sts., Philadelphia. The improvements invented are to, a Patent Anti dust Shaking Sifter, and an Anti-dust Shaking and Dumping Grate, &c. &c., renders this stove a model of completeness, and it is the recipient of warmer encomiums than ever from the press, the trade and the public: It will in all probability be the popular favorite for many years to come, so admirable is its construction and operation. As a baker alone, the "Barley Sheaf" is worth its entire cost! Five different sizes are manufactured; from 6 inches to 10 inches, inclusive

For sale by J. & J. HARRIS, BELLEFONTE, PENNA.

Centaur Liniment.

There is no pain which the Centaur Liniment will not relieve, no swelling it will not subdue and no lameness which it will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. Where the parts are not gone, its effects are marvelous. It has produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings caked-breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, earache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains spavin, galls. &c., upon animals in one yer than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. It is a counter-irritant, an all-healing pain reliever. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are endered harmless, and the wounded are healed without a scar. It is no humbug. The recipe is published around each bottle. It is selling as no article ever before sold, and it sells because it does just what it pretends to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling, deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock-owners—this liniment is worth your attention. No family should be without Centaur Liniment. Price, 50c. a bottle, large bottles $1.00. J. B. ROSE & Co.,
53 Broadway, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GROCERIES!

YOU CAN BUY THE

BEST

AND

CHEAPEST

GROCERIES

PROVISIONS,

TEAS,

SPICES,

and all other goods in that line of

SECHLER & CO.

We keep a large stock, great variety and good goods, and deal only in what belongs to the REGULAR GROCERY BUSINESS.

We are the only

STRICTLY GROCERY HOUSE

IN CENTRE COUNTY.

We take all kinds of country produce, and GUARANTEE POSITIVELY to do better with you on GROCERIES and all other goods in our line than you can do with any other store. CALL AND SEE US.

SECHLER & CO.

BUSH HOUSE BLOCK, BELLEFONTE.
5-31-tf

$6 $9 $15 PER DAY.

According to ability and energy. Agents wanted immediately to exhibit and sell at all State, County and other Fairs, and for permanent employment. Write at once in time for Fairs, INDUSTRIAL WORKS, Salem, Ohio. 31-4t

SENT FREE. The Great Remedy for Diarrhoea and Cholera, also the sure cure for Fever and Ague as found in OUR HOME PHYSICIAN, by Dr. Beard, the latest and best Family Medical Guide with remedies for every known disease. Its value is attested by thousands who have saved money, health and life. Agents wanted. E. B. TREAT, Publisher, 805 Broadway, N. Y. 31-4t

CAMPHORINE

The Great Discovery for the immediate relief and cure of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprins, Bruises, Pains, Strains, Stiff Joints, Swellings, Inflammations, Burns, Catarrh, &c., &c. It will not grease or stain, and for the toilet is a luxury in every family. Thousands will and now testify to its great merits. Try it. Price per bottle 25 cents. REUBEN HOYT, Prop'r, 805 Greenwich St., N. Y. 31-4t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILL EXHIBIT AT

BELLEFONTE, AUG'T 30.

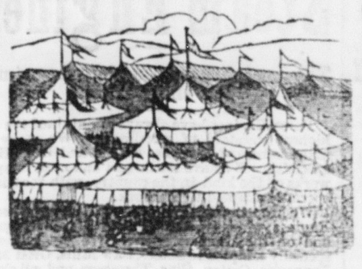
JOHN O'BRIEN'S

SIX SHOWS

CONSOLIDATED

AND EXHIBITED UNDER

SIX SEPARATE TENTS



For One Price of Admission.

25 Cents to all SIX TENTS!

John O'Brien to the Public:

First Annual Tour Under the New Regime—12 Years as Manager and Proprietor.

Being determined that the public, by whose generous patronage, during my earlier and more humble career, I have been so long encouraged and sustained, shall have the full benefit of my accumulated experience and fortune, I have concluded not only to consolidate all of my SIX GREAT SHOWS into one, but to exhibit them also THREE TIMES A DAY, in SIX SEPARATE COLOSSAL TENTS.

I am fully aware that to do this will require a considerable srcrifice and a vast amount of extra labor; but I shIll rely wholly in this NEW DEPARTURE upon the absolute merit and

magnitude of my immense consolidation which is twice as large as any other concern in the country, of giving three full and complete exhibitions each day. I propose to give the public a combination of

Attractions, Novelties

AND RARE

CURIOSITIES!

in my MUSEUM, MENAGERIE, CIRCUS, GYMNASTIC EXPOSITION and COLOSSUS OF NATURAL HISTORY, having no parallel in the annals of the show business.

I intend to transport this whole vast enterprise through the country by wagons, STOPPING PRINCIPALY in

CITIES AND LARGE TOWNS,

For this purpose I shall use nearly

800

Men and Horses

and exhibit three times a day—MORNING, AFTERNOON and EVENING,—in SIX SEPARATE and DISTINCT TENTS, occupying FOUR ACRES of ground. The

Great Street Procession,

which will extend nearly Two Miles in length, will be made early in the forenoon of each day, and one of the finest spectacular displays of the kind ever made.

Relying for support upon the excellence of my exhibition, and the generous indorsement by the public of my efforts to give them the largest and best show ever exhibited in America, for only 25 cents admission to all.

I remain the Public's Humble Servant,

JOHN O'BRIEN

Will exhibit at BELLEFONTE, AUG'T 30.

31-2t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BLANKS! BLANKS!!

BLANKS!!!

THE most complete assortment to be found in Centre county, at

J. WELCH & CO'S

BOOK STORE,

OPPOSITE THE BUSH HOUSE,

at the following prices:

Summons,	per hundred, 60c
Subpeonas,	" " 60c
Executions,	" " 60c
Constables' Warrants,	" " 60c
Judgm't Notes, unbound	" " 60c
Exemp'n "	" " 60c
Judgment and Exemption Notes, unbound,	per hundred, 60c
Motions for Judgment,	" " 75c
Affidavit to Account	" " 75c
Statement & Confess'n	" " 1,50
Amical Act'n & Conf'n	" " 1,50
Leases,	50c per doz—5c apiece.

AND EVERY OTHER

DESCRIPTION OF BLANKS

EQUALLY LOW.

☞ ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. ☜

25-tf JAS. WELCH & CO.

FOR SALE!

The property of the

BELLEFONTE IRON COMPANY,

in the borough of Bellefonte, consisting of their ground and buildings, stock and foundations for boilers, foundations for engines, &c., with railroad connections running into the mill building. The water being comparatively

FREE FROM LIME,

is better adapted to

STEAM PURPOSES

than any other in this neighborhood. This situation is the most desirable of any in this region for manufacturing purposes. 27-tf

THE BELLEFONTE PRESS CO., Bellefonte, Pa., are now prepared to do all kinds of BOOK-BINDING at reasonable rates, having secured the services of a first class workman, and purchased all the necessary machinery. MAGAZINES, MUSIC PAPERS, Etc, bound on short notice. Old Books rebound to look as well as new. Rebinding of Old Family Bibles made a specialty of. A discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed on all orders received in the next two weeks.

R. A. KINSLOE, Manager.

SPECIAL RATES TO MINISTERS.

BINDERY IN BELLEFONTE.

WATCHMAKER!

THE undersigned adopts this method of informing his friends and the people of Centre Co., that he is now located in the room adjoining the store of Harper Bros., on Spring St., where he is prepared to make and repair watches. He is solitious of business and guarentees complete satisfaction to all who may favor him with their work. Clocks watches and jewelry repaired upon the shortest notice. F. C. RICHARD.

v4n28-1y.

The best preparation of Iron known to the Medical World.

Dr. J. S. Rose's Golden Pills.

Highly recommended by the leading Physicians, as the only proper form in which Iron should be taken.

If you are weak and debilitated, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.

If you are nervous, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.

If your blood is thin, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS!

If you want pure rich blood and bloom to the cheek, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.

If you have palpitation of the heart, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.

If you want energy, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.

If you want to sleep well, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.

If you want a good appetite, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.

If you have a pain in the back of your head, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.

If you have pain in your back, and bearing down pain, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.

Read what Philadelphia Chemists say of Rose's Golden Pills.

ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS, the best and most valuable preparation of Iron. TWINING & SCHIEDT, Chemists, 123 N. Seventh St., Philadelphia.

LADIES, READ THIS.

I can, with the greatest confidence, recommend to those who are suffering from Female Weakness and General Debility, ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS. MRS. A. C. BURNS,

254 West Sixteenth St., New York.

I recommend DR. ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS to all who have weak backs or bearing down.

MRS. H. PRIFOLD,

813 North Fifth St., Philadelphia.

Ask your Druggist for ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS, the Great Iron Tonic. Take no other. Sent by mail, 60 cents.

DR. C. P. ROSE, 3914 Chestnut St., Phila.

5-24-1y

$250 A MONTH easily made with Stencil and Key-Check Dies. Secure Circular and Samples, free, S. M. SPENCER, Brattleboro, Vt. 26-4t

BANKS.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't. ..... J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v5n1-1y.

H. BROCKERHOFF, Pres't. J. D. SHUGERT, Cash'r.

CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO., receive Deposits and allow Interest, Discount notes, Buy and sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons. v5n2-1y.

MOSES THOMPSON, JOHN I. THOMPSON WM. THOMPSON, JR.

JOHN I. THOMPSON & CO.,

BANKERS,

LEMONT, CENTRE CO., PA.

v4n36-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS!

AND

NEW PRICES!

AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES!

AT THE

BOSTON

BOOT AND SHOE STORE!

No. 5, BUSH'S ARCADE.

PRICES LESS THAN AT ANY OTHER SHOE STORE IN CENTRE COUNTY.

CALL AND SEE US!

NO. 5, BUSH'S ARCADE, BELLEFONTE, PA.

5-25-tf.

LOUIS DOLL,

BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURER, HIGH ST., NEXT DOOR TO FELTY'S NEW BUILDING,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

HAS removed his Store from Felty's building to a new building erected expressly for his own use adjoining his old stand, where he will be pleased to meet his friends.

Repairing neatly and promptly attended to. 5-29-1y

Merchant Tailoring.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

FELTY'S BUILDING, HIGH ST.,

Has just received a large invoice of

GENTLEMENS'

FURNISHING GOODS,

of the latest styles,

FASHIONABLE SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT

LOW CASH PRICES.

v5-12-1y

MERCHANT TAILORING.

NO. FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW,

ALLEGHENY STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

Just received by

WM. McCLELLAN,

a most complete stock of

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

AND VESTINGS;

which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style, for men or boys.

Particular attention given to cutting and fitting.

He also keeps on hand a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts, undercloth for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a full assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.

WM. McCLELLAN,

No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.

5-13—tf

MARVEN STEEPLE,

SCENIC, SIGN, LETTERING,

HOUSE PAINTER,

PAPER HANGER, &c.

Work done PROMPTLY and at the LOWEST CHARGES IN TOWN.

☞ Can be found at Mrs. Zellers', Spring St., Bellefonte. v5-14-1y

JACOB SEIBERT,

BLACKSMITH,

REAR OF DUNCAN'S FOUNDRY, BELLEFONTE, PENNA.

EVERY description of Blacksmithing done promptly in a workmanlike manner at low prices. 5-25-1y

FOR RENT.—A desirable House, on reasonable terms. Possession given on Oct. 1st, 1873. Apply to

J. N. MITCHELL, Pine Grove Mills, Centre Co, Pa.

36-3t

Dry Goods.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER,

NO. 2, BUSH ARCADE,

HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Has just received a large invoice of

Spring Goods!

consisting of the best assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

DRESS GOODS,

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS & CAPS,

AND FANCY ARTICLES,

ever brought to Bellefonte.

Also, a large assortment of

CARPETS

LOWEST CASH PRICES!

☞ Produce taken in exchange at highest market prices.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER.

5-12-tf

THE NEW YORK

BRANCH STORE,

which was in this town about three years ago has returned and opened in

BUSH'S ARCADE

(storeroom formerly occupied by Zimmerman & Co.,)

with a large stock of

Hosiery, Cloves, White Goods,

LINENS, EMBROIDERIES,

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.;

NOW IS THE TIME

TO BUY!

Bargains for All!!

H. HERMAN & CO.

15-3m

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

NO. 7, BROCKERHOFF'S ROW,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Centre county and the public generally, that he is just opening a

Splendid and Rich Assortment of Foreign and Domestic

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

AND

VESTINGS,

Which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable styles, for men or boys. Goods sold by the piece or by the yard. He also keeps on hand a full line of

Gents Furnishing Goods,

of every style and variety, consisting of

HATS AND CAPS,

STRAW GOODS,

MUSLIN OR LINEN SHIRTS,

Underclothes for Summer or Winter Wear, Suspenders, Hose, Neck Ties, Collars, both Paper and Linen, Handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of KID GLOVES—"The Jouvin"—a full assortment of sizes, colors, &c., on hand. This establishmet is also the headquarters of the

Singer Sewing Machine Agency.

JOHN MONTGOMERY,

No. 7, Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.

v4n34-1y

Groceries and Provisions.

RETAIL PRICE LIST.

JOBBING

AND COMMISSION HOUSE

OF

BURNSIDE & THOMAS,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Two good Cigars for	5 cts
White Sugars per pound	13 cts
Demarara Sugar per pound	12 cts
Rio Coffee	25 cts
Arbuckles' brown coffee per pound	30 cts
Best Washing Soaps per pound	6, 7 and 8 cts
Best Starch per pound	10 cts
Best Bright Navy Tobacco per bar	50 cts
Best Black Navy Tocacco per bar	50 cts
Best Double Thick bright or black Tobacco per bar	35 cts
Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco per ounce	5 cts
Best Sugar-cured Hams per pound	17 cts
Large size Dairy Salt per sack	15 cts
No. 1 Black Pepper per pound	30 cts
Molasses per gallon	60 cts
Coal Oil in 5 gal. lots, best article, per gal.	35 cts

Mackerel without heads, and all kind of Mackerel and Herring at city prices.

Double X X White Drips 80 cents per gallon, in 5 gallon lots 5 cents a gallon less.

1000 other articles too numerous to mention, cheap. Mens' stogies, heavy shoes, at $1,25 per pair. They have the largest and cheapest stock of goods ever offered to the public. If you want

TO SAVE 20 to 50 PER CENT.

GO TO BURNSIDE & THOMAS'.

All kinds of merchandise in whole packages at less prices. v5n10-1y.

Miscellaneous.

Clocks, Bronzes and Fancy Goods.

Watches, Plated Goods, Cutlery,

JEWELRY, STERLING SILVER,

v5n5-1y

Advertisements.

No 1124 CHESTNUT ST.

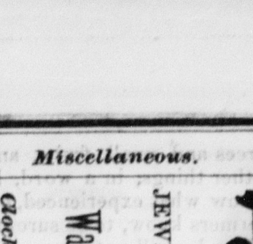
ROBBINS CLARK & BIDDLE

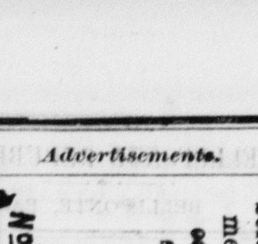
A Complete Stock of Choice Selections in every Department offered at Special prices, during the Summer season, while making alterations!

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

HAVING, for many years, been engaged in the manufacture of proprietary medicines known as **GREEN'S No. 1 and NO. 2 LIVER PILLS**, the merits of which have obtained for them a large sale. Other parties wishing to take advantage of the reputation these pills have gained, [illegible] upon the public an imitation of the same. In order that there may be no deception, we request attention to the following:

☞ **ALL GENUINE Green's Liver Pills** are put up in **ROUND** boxes, not oval, with the following **Copyright** label, any infringement of which will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.





And as an additionnal safeguard, a strip containing the following words is put around each box

☞ Prepared only by F. F. GREEN Bellefonte, Pa., without whose signature none is genuine.

☞ ALL OTHERS ARE COUNTERFIET. ☜

Examine each box and see that it corresponds with the above description, and that the name is spelled correctly, thus: G-R-E-E-N, and *not* G-r-e-e-n-e.

Sold WHOLESALE and RETAIL in Bellefonte, only at my Drug Store, in Bush House Block, and by R. F. Rankin & Co., Allegheny, street Forwarded by mail to any part of the United States on receipt of price.

☞ All orders must be directed to F. POTTS GREEN, Bellefonte, Pa. v5n19-tf

James Welch & Co.

(OPPOSITE THE BUSH HOUSE,)

Dealers in Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods, Gold Pens and Pencils, Pocket Books, Toys, Pocket Knives, Picture and Picture Frames.

A large assortment of Blank Books always on hand or procured to order.

17

Furniture.

REMOVED!

A. SCHROYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS of FURNITURE,

HAVE REMOVED

from their old quarters in the Bush House block to larger and more suitable rooms

ON BISHOP STREET,

in the building recently known as the Farmers Hotel, where they will continue to keep the

THE LARGEST & BEST STOCK OF

FURNITURE, COFFINS, &C.,

in Centre county, at the LOWEST PRICES.

COFFINS MADE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE.

FUNERALS ATTENDED WITH HEARSE.

☞ THE MILESBURG HEARSE CAN BE SECURED WHEN DESIRED. ☜

5-11-tf

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY

JOHN BRECHBILL,

Manufacturer and dealer in

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

SPRING ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Keeps constantly on hand a choice assortment of Mattrasses, Sofas, Chairs, Lounges, Bedsteads, &c. A very fine selection of

WALL PAPER,

will always be found at low prices.

v4n22-1y.

FURNITURE WARE ROOM.

Howard Street, Bellefonte, Pa.,

WHERE BUREAUS,

SOFAS,

LOUNGES,

HAT RACKS,

WHAT-NOTS,

EXTENSION TABLES,

STANDS,

CHAIRS,

STOOLS, &C.,

of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.

v5n1-1y. H. P. HARRIS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of William McCoy, late of Taylor township, Centre Co., Pa., deceased, having been granted to John W. Kelly, residing in Half Moon Township, to whom all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

JOHN W. KELLY, Administrator.

Half Moon, July 2, 1873-3-6t

Williamsport Dickinson Seminary.

WILLLIAMSPORT, PA.

For both sexes. Superior advantages in every Department of Culture. Send for Catalogue. Arrange early for rooms. Fall term begins Aug 1st 28th.

W. LEE SPOTTSWOOD, D. D., President.

35-6t

Railroad.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	MLS.	A.M.	P.M.
Leave Tyrone	0	9 15	6 50
East Tyrone	1	9 22	6 57
Bald Eagle	5	9 32	7 07
Hannah	10	9 46	7 21
Port Matilda	14	9 55	7 30
Martha	17	10 04	7 39
Julian	21	10 16	7 51
Unionville	26	10 30	8 05
Snow Shoe Intersection	30	10 40	8 15
Milesburg	31	10 45	8 20
Arrive Bellefonte	33	10 54	8 29
Leave Bellefonte	33	10 59	8 32
Milesburg	31	11 10	8 45
Curtin	34	11 20	8 55
Mount Eagle	37	11 26	9 01
Howard	40	11 35	9 10
Eagleville	44	11 48	9 23
Beech Creek	46	11 53	9 28
Mill Hall	51	12 06	9 41
Flemington	52	12 10	9 45
Lock Haven Intersection	54	12 15	9 50
Arrive Lock Haven	55	12 20	10 00

RETURN.

Leave Lock Haven	0	9 35	3 05
Lock Haven Intersection	1	9 40	3 10
Flemington	3	9 45	3 15
Mill Hall	4	9 49	3 19
Beech Creek	9	10 02	3 33
Eagleville	11	10 07	3 38
Howard	15	10 20	3 51
Mount Eagle	18	10 29	4 00
Curtin	21	10 35	4 03
Milesburg	24	10 45	4 16
Arrive Bellefonte	26		4 27
Leave Bellefonte	26		4 30
Milesburg	24	11 10	4 39
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 15	4 44
Unionville	29	11 28	4 57
Julian	34	11 40	5 09
Martha	38	11 51	5 20
Port Matilda	41	12 09	5 38
Hannah	45	12 23	5 53
Bald Eagle	50	12 28	5 58
East Tyrone	54	12 33	6 03
Arrive Tyrone	55	12 40	6 10

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

MIFFLIN & CENTRE—EASTWARD.

	Accom. No. 1.	Accom. No. 2.	Accom. No. 3.
LEWISTOWN	7 10 a m	12 17 p m	4 16 p m
Logan	7 25	12 30	4 26
Yeagertown F	7 33	12 34	4 30
Mann's F	7 43	12 40	4 35
Reedsville	7 51	12 44	4 39
Honey Creek F	8 09	12 57	4 49
Naginy F	8 20	1 04	4 55
MILROY, Arrive	8 50 a m	1 10 p m	5 00 p m

Returning leave Milroy at 8 50 a. m., 2 00 p. and 5 10 p. m; Reedsville at 9 11 a. m., 2 21 and 5 43 p. m., arriving at Lewistown at 9 34 a. m., 2 44 and 6 28 p. m.

The Mifflin and Centre and Sunbury and Lewistown connect at Lewistown with way passenger and fast lines west, and mail and Cincinnati express east; and at Sunbury with trains on Northern Central, Phila. & Erie, and Hazleton.

P. F. SMITH, Supt.

Expresses.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generaly that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be entrusted to his care. Thankful for past favors he asks a continuence of public favor. 5-6-1y

JNO. D. SOURBECK.

LOCAL EXPRESS.

A local expressing promptly attende to reasonable rates.

Also, proprietor of all the bill boards in town.

BILL POSTING A SPECIALTY.

5-16 1y

AUCTIONEER.—Samuel Parker offers his services to the people of Bellefonte and Centre county, as Auctioneer. He will cry all sales entrusted to him at reasonable prices. Address SAMUEL PARKER, Bellefonte, Pa.

4n-48ly.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Agricultural.

☞ NOTE.—We earnestly desire that this Department of our paper shall be made as useful as possible to our Agricultural friends, and therefore extend a cordial invitation to all parties interested, to favor us with contributions. Individuals who have made useful experiments and yet do not feel competent to write them out in form for publication, if they will favor us with the results we will take pleasure in putting them in proper shape.

Origin of the Baldwin Apple.

Col Loammi Baldwin, chief engineer in building the Middlesex canal, lived in the northern part of Woburn, Mass., near said canal, and owned a piece of woodland in the south-western part of Wilmington, near what was then known as Butter's Bridge, from which he cut firewood, cutting all clean as he went, leaving it to grow up again. In so doing he came to on apple tree, somewhat young, but thrifty and bearing, which the wood-peckers had picked around the body and limbs so unmercifully that he feared that it would die; but as he was an ardent lover of good fruit he concluded to "spare that tree," and see what was its fruit. The next autumn he had occasion to go to Wilmington for wood, and found lying on the ground beneath it some very nice-looking winter apples, a portion of which he carried home and deposited safely in his cellar. One day, the next spring, having friends from Boston to dine with him, he brought forward the, Pecker apples, as he called them to try their quality for the first time, when they were found to be so far superior to any they had ever tasted before that he went immediately, cut some scions and engrafted some of his own trees at home. —Being high sherrif, he attended the courts at Concord and Cambridge, often taking his favorite apple to eat after dinner instead of smoking a cigar, and giving to his fellow boarders. Thus from his tree were scions cut, and the fruit as now known almost over the United States as the Baldwin apple.

Steady and Sure.

As a general thing, farmers need no quality more than stability. Even some of the most intellectual farmers get discouraged, or we may say upset, by low prices, and they change to something that sells higher. This has been illustrated for the last year with reference to sheep, for so soon as the price of wool declined great numbers who had large and good flocks, sold every head for what they could get, and turned their attention to something else. Quite likely they take up sheep again in five or six years, and then sell them off as prices decline, but as they were never ready when prices were high, they made no money. On the contrary, these men who have stuck to sheep, year after year, unconcerned whether prices were high or low, have become independent because when prices where high they made large sums, and when low they did not lose, besides their land all the while grew richer. The same is to be said of general crops providing the soil is suitable; and one is certain to make money in the long run by being steady. Another great advantage to be named by sticking to one thing arises from the skill that is gained, and without it no progress can be made. It is certainly the truth that the sturdy farmers have the best sheep and cattle, the best wheat, corn, oats, and potatoes, because he has learned by long experience exactly how to go to work, and he has risen to the dignity of applying science his profession.

What the Farmer Must Know.

The farmer like the business man, must know what he is doing; he must have some pretty decided ideas of what he is to accomplish —in fact, he must calculate it beforehand.

He must know his soil—that of each lot; and not only the top, but the subsoil.

He must also know what grain and grass are adapted to each.

He must know when it is the best time to work them, whether they need summer following.

He must know the condition in which the ground must be when plowed, so that it be not to wet nor to dry.

He must know that some grain requires earlier sowing than others, and what these grains are.

He must know how to put them in.

He must know that it will pay to have machinery to help him as well as muscle.

He must know about stock and manures, and the cultivation of trees and small fruits, and many other things; in a word, he must know what experienced, observing farmers know, to be sure of success. Then he will not guess—will not run such risks.

POULTRY ON THE FARM.—C. S. Rogers, President of the Bingham Club, in some remarks recently, stated that with good care barnyard fowls could be made to average 200 eggs annually, and that the manure would be worth much more than the care, and probably worth as much, in addition, as the bushel of corn which each hen will eat in a year. The average given by Mr. Rogers is very large, and probably will be generally be reached; but it is clearly true that with a little more attention to them fowls on the farm can be made more profitable than they usually are. If, instead of keeping a dozen or more roosters with a flock of twenty or thirty hens, killing the early hatched pullets in the fall, and letting the only other "selections" be that caused by death, the result would be more satisfactory.

The Bearing Year in Apples.

1. Take scions from a tree in 1873, and put them in a good and thrifty tree, and do the same in 1874, and you will get fruit in alternate years.

2. If you cut off of thrifty trees the growth of 1873 in the last of July, leaving the buds that would come out in 1873, you would force out the next year's buds and gain one year.

3. If you remove all the blossoms on one-half of your trees in the bearing year, you will have fruit on that half the odd years. These things I have done successfully.

I have now in bearing the Victory apple of the odd year produced in this way; next year the scions of the last year will bear on the regular year.

SWARMING BEES.—A bee keeper gives the following plan to prevent a swarm of bees from getting far away from the hive, with the statement that after ten years experience he has never known it to fail but once: As soon as they show the first symptoms of swarming, stop up some of the outlets of the hive so as to force them to be a considerable time in coming out. The swarm being made up in part of young bees, many of whom cannot fly well, and as nothing can be done by the swarm until all are out, and fly about in the air, by prolonging their exit the feeble ones become tired; and finding their plans frustrated; they alight to re-arrange their journey. If they can leave the old hive all at once, they care very little about alighting.

ORCHARD PROFITS.—It was stated at a late meeting of the growers of New York that an orchard of Baldwin apple trees, 140 in number, yielded last year 1,000 barrels. As the ground covers was about two acres, the net profits were $800 an acre. This orchard had been planted 15 years, and the average yield during all this time was over $50 a year. Another orchard which was planted thicker yield an average for each year from the time of planting of $280. It was said, in conclusion, that apples can be grown at a profit of $1 a barrel, and more money can be made than with any other crop. Now, although this relates to New York, the same is true of other States, North and South, but let it be peaches instead of apples, and not so much to sell green as to can and dry.

ALMOST every one or our agricultural journals has some standing cure for founder, which might almost be stereotyped, so often and regularly is it established. In this, as in many other troubles, "one ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." Avoid watering or feeding a horse while he is warm, for this is one of the most common causes of founder. If the animal is worked slowly, or gently driven immediately after the watering or feeding, it does not seem so liable to do harm, as the worst cases often occur when the horse is fed when to warm, and then allowed to remain quiet until he has cooled off.

THE much vexed question as to the best breed of poultry is still open and bids fair to remain open for years to come. The breed may have something to do with it, but yet we know of women, farmers' wives, who do much better with common fowls than some of their neighbors do with the most expensive lected breeds. In such cases, the secret will usually be found in the treatment of fowls. Common fowls with proper treatment will do much better than the best fancy ones under improper feeding and care.

More Haste, Less Speed.

"Shall I reach Tournay to-night before the gates are shut?" asked a wagoner, who was driving an empty cart drawn by a pair of horses at a great speed, of another whom he passed driving a similar "vehicle slowly along a high-road in France. "Shall I be able to get there to-night before they shut the gates?" he repeated, impatiently.

"Yes, you will be in plenty of time if you drive slowly," replied the second wagoner; and he proceeded on his way, while the first drove rapidly by, exclaiming:

"A pretty way to get to one's destination to drive slowly and waste time on the road! No, no, that won't suit me! I'll go as fast as my horses can lay legs to the ground." And he shook the reins and urged his horses to still greater speed.

Meanwhile the driver who had given him the good advice proceeded slowly on his way. Presently he noticed that one of his horses had lost a nail from one of its shoes.

"This won't do," said the driver; "best remedy a small evil at once."

So he drove on as slowly as possible, least the shoe that was clap-clapping in a loose manner on the road should fall of altogether. And at the next smithy he halted, and unharnessed the good old horse from the wagon. The smithy brought this tools, and in a few moments honest Bill's shoe was fixed on as tight as ever.

"Only a quarter of an hour lost," he said, "but we can move all the more briskly for the delay; so here we start.

Thus he went on steadily and perseveringly and arrived at Tournay a full quarter-hour before the gates were closed.

And how fared it with the other wagoner who could not afford to go steadily, lest he should arrive too late? Listen, and you shall hear.

He drove on, increasing his speed as the time wore on. Presently he noticed that one of his horses began to limp.

"Foolish beast!" he said, "who is to get down now, I wonder, to look after your ailments? If you have a stone in your foot, you may shake it out as best you can. I cannot afford to wait for you today."

And he gave the poor horse a loud crack with the whip on the back, so that it gave a plunge, and stumbled on faster than before.

The horse began to limp more than ever. The stone was still there, and the hoof was becoming bruised and sore; but the wagoner would not stop a moment. But now a rough peice of road is to be traversed, surely our driver will check his speed here, and proceed slowly? But no; he only thinks of getting to his destination as quickly as possible. He urges on his horses; the poor beast who has fallen lame gives a desperate plunge, and falling down, breaks the pole of the wagon asunder.

No thought now of reaching Tournay that night. The best thing to be done is to seek assistance at the next farm-house, and go in quest of a carpenter or wheelwright to mend the broken pole. And the wheelwright, when he comes, says that the necessary repairs will occupy at least twenty-four hours, and that he cannot drive by his wagon into Tournay until the second day after the accident.

Then the driver wished he had taken the advice of his comrade, and made less haste in the first instaace to get on; and he understood how much truth there is in the saying *"The more haste, the less speed.*

A Small Boy's Composition.

Corns are of all kinds. Vegetable and animal corns. Vegetable corn grows in rows and animal corn on toes. There are several kinds of corn; there is unicorn capricorn, corn-dodgers, field corn, and toe corn, which is the corn you feel the most. It is said, I beleive, that gophers like corn; but persons having corns do not like to "go far," if they can help it. Vegetable corn grows on ears, but animal corn grows on the feet at the other end of the body. Corns have kernals, and some colonels have corns. Another kind of corn is acorn; these grow on oaks, but there is hoax about the corn. The acorn is a corn with an indefinite article, but the corn is very definite indeed. Try it and see. Many a man when he has a corn wishes it were an acorn.

Folks that have corns sometimes send for a doctor, but if the doctor himself is corned, he would probobly do as well as if he isn't. The doctors say corns are produced by tight boots or shoes, which is probably the reason why when a man is tight they say he is corned. If a farmer manages well he can get a good deal of corn on one acre, but I know a farmer who has a corn that makes the biggest acher on his farm. The biggest crop of vegetable corn a man raises the better he likes it, but the bigger crop of animal corn he raises the better he does not like it. Another kind of corn is corn dodger. The way it is made is very simple, and it is as follows (that is if you want to know:) you go along the street and meet a man you know has got a corn, and is a rough character, then you step on the toe that you know has the corn on it, and see if you don't have occasion to dodge. In that way you will find out what a corn dodger is.

CHARACTER.—Have you ever watched an icicle as it formed? You noticed how it froze one drop at the time, the icicle remained clear and sparkling brightly in the sun; but if the water were but slightly muddy the icicle looked foul, and its beauty spoiled. Just so our characters are forming. One little thought or feeling at a time adds its influence. If every thought be pure and right, the soul will be lovely and will sparkle with happiness; but if impure and wrong, there will be a final deformity and wretchedness.

Hardware.

HARDWARE

NO. 5 BROCKERHOFF ROW

J. & J. HARRIS,

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES

All sorts of

Forks,
Chains,
Shovels,
Axes,
Grindstones,
Coal Oil Lamps,
Paints,
Oils,
Varnishes,
&c.

We hope by

STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS

to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

BUILDERS AND OTHERS

will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.

J. & J. HARRIS,

v3n2-1y No. 5 Brockerhoff Row.

W. H. WILSON, THOMAS A. HICKS

WILSON & HICKS,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE DEALERS,

SUCCESSORS TO IRWIN & WILSON,

RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE PUBLIC that they are now ready for Spring trade, with a full stock of new goods. We have a full line of

CHILDRENS' WAGONS, CARRIAGES, CARTS, &c.,

BIRD CAGES,
FISHING RODS, LINES AND BASKETS,

Birche's celebrated Lightning STOVE POLISH, 15 cents per bottle—warranted better than any other—free from disagreeable odors.

Complete stock of CUTLERY, PISTOLS, CARTRIDGES, &c. The celebrated

SUSQUEHANNA COOK STOVE!

which we will sell lower than any other stove that is as good—and warrant them.

Lightning Cross-cut and Hand-saws that will cut faster than any other saw. Shovels, Plows, Cultivators, Harrow Teeth, Feed Cutters of good make, Picture Frames and Mouldings, Looking Glass Plate, Picture Frames to order in any kind of moulding, Ladies' Work Baskets, Scissors, &c., Clothes Wringers and Washing Machines, Toilet Ware, Slop Pails.

We have the Argan Burner which will fit any lamp and give an excellent light, and are as good as gas to read and sew by. Full and complete stock of CARPENTER TOOLS of the best make, all kind of

BUILDERS' HARDWARE!

Coach-makers' and Saddlers' Goods, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, &c., Window Glass, Wooden Ware and LEATHER BELTING of all sizes.

☞ We sell at the lowest prices for cash or short credit, in no case to exceed three months. 5-1-1y

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—The will of Hon. H. N. McAllister having been admitted to probate, letters testamentary thereunder have been issued to the undersigned, of which all persons interested will please take notice.

JAMES A. BEAVER

Bellefonte, Pa., July 9, '73-25-3t

J. B. KIMES & CO.

1218 Race St., PHILADELPHIA.

Manufacturers of Slate Mantels AND Slate Work Generally.

Mantels of any Size or Color Made to Order

SEND FOR CATALOGUE

PRINTING.

THE

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

HAS REMOVED

TO THE

BUSH HOUSE!

Owing to the rapidly increasing business of this establishment under the management of Messrs. E. T. & R. P. Tuten, they have found it necessary to remove to larger and more commodious quarters.

They have leased the room recently occupied by the "BELLEFONTE PRESS CO.," and a vacant room adjoining, for a term of 10 YEARS, which they have fitted up for the neat and rapid execution of

JOB WORK

of every description at

LOWEST CASH PRICES

Their stock of POSTER, as well as SMALL and FANCY TYPES, is

UNEQUALED IN CENTRE COUNTY

and all orders will receive their

PROMPT AND CAREFUL ATTENTION

THE

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

IS THE ONLY

Recognized ORGAN

OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IN CENTRE COUNTY.

ITS CIRCULATION IS RAPIDLY INCREASING.

IT IS ALWAYS OUT ON TIME.

IT CONTAINS ALL THE LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

IT IS THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN CENTRE COUNTY.

No pains will be spared by the management of "THE BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN," to make it the most interesting and valuable paper in Central Pennsylvania. Special attention is given to the Local Department, and with the assistance of an efficient corps of Reporters, no matter of interest in Centre county will escape our notice.

Terms $1.50 per Annum.

R. P. & R. P. TUTEN.

Miscellaneous.

UTICA STEAM ENGINE CO.

(FORMERLY WOOD & MANN.)

STATIONARY & PORTABLE

Steam Engines.

The Best & Most Complete Assortment in the Market.

These Engines have always maintained the very highest standard of excellence. We make the manufacture of Engines, Boilers and Saw Mills a specialty. We have the largest and most complete works of the kind in the country, with machinery specially adapted to the work.

We keep constantly in process large numbers of Engines, which we furnish at the very lowest prices and on the shortest notice. We build Engines specially adapted to Mines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Tanneries, Cotton Gins, Threshers and all classes of manufacturing.

We are now building the celebrated Lane Circular Saw Mill, the best and most complete saw mill ever invented.

We make the manufacture of Saw Mill outfits a special feature of our business, and can furnish complete on the shortest notice.

Our aim in all cases is to furnish the best machinery in the market, and work absolutely unequaled for beauty of design, economy and strength.

Send for Circular and Price List.

UTICA STEAM ENGINE CO.

UTICA, N. Y.

Wages

FOR ALL WHO ARE WILLING TO WORK

Any person, old or young of either sex, can make from $10 to $50 per week, at home day or evening Wanted by all. Suitable to either City or Country and any season of the year. This is a rare opportunity for those who are out of work, and out of money, to make an independent living. No capital being required. Our pamphlet, "HOW TO MAKE A LIVING," giving full instuctions sent on receipt of 10 cents. Address, A. BURTON & Co., Morrisania, Westchester Co., N.Y.

AGENTS WANTED everywhere to sell our new and novel Embroidering Machine, send for Illustrated Circular to the McKee Manufacturing Company, 369 Broadway, New York

BON—TON FLIRTATION SIGNALS Sent on receipt 25 cts. Unique Printing and Publishing House, 36 Vesey Street, New York

The Rockwith $20 Portable Family Sewing Machine on 30 Days Trial; many advntages over all. Satisfaction guaranteed, or $20 refonded Sent complete, with full directions. Beckwith Sewing Machine Co. 62 Broadway, N.Y.

THE PARLOR COMPANION.
Every Lady wants one! 15-6m-cow
Every Man ought to have one!
Sent on receipt of Ten Cents. Address, L.F. Hyde & CO., 195 Seventh Avenue, New York

For Sale.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE

The undersigned offer for sale the following desirable real estate, situate in Snow Shoe and Boggs townships, Centre county, to wit: All that certain messuage or tract of land situate in Snow Shoe township, adjoining lands of Meese Gunsallis, John Lucas and others, containing 152 acres and 84 perches, a portion cleared, balance well timbered and underlaid with coal. Also the undivided one-fourth part of a tract of land situate in the aforesaid twp., lately owned by Gideon and Matthias Bechtol, containing 139 acres and 68 perches, is in good state of cultivation, and is underlaid with coal. Also all that certain lot or parcel of ground situate in Boggs twp. adjoining Central City, containing eleven acres more or less thereon erected a large frame building (formerly used as a tannery) and three tenant houses. A fine location for manufacturing purposes the Bald Eagle Valley R. R. passing the property and the Bald Eagle Creek forming the Southern boundary. Also all that certain two story stone house and lot of ground in the Borough of Bellefonte adjoining lot of Presbyterian church fronting sixty feet on Spring st., and extending back to new st., containing eleven rooms, fine cellar and supplied with gas and water choice fruit on the premises. For further information apply to or address J. D. Shurgert Centre Co. Bank, or N. M. Hoover, Bellefonte, Pa. 6-tf

TWO OF THE BEST FARMS

IN MIFFLIN COUNTY AT

PRIVATE SALE

The undersigned offers at private sale, a farm situated in Armagh township, Mifflin County, within one mile of Milroy, known as the Col. Reed place on the turnpike leading to Bellefonte, containing

117 ACRES

more or less, divided off into 13 acre fields and recently fenced with about 3000 panel of locust posts and chestnut rails, on which are erected a two story Brick House, with good water at door, Bank Barn with water in yard, Corn House, Carriage House, Hog pen, and other improvements—all of the best kind, together with a young Orchard of thriving trees. This is one of the finest farms in the County.

ALSO

The farm known as the John McDowell place, situate within a few hundred yards of the Milroy depot, containing

228 ACRES

more or less, all cleared excepting about 10 acres of timber, fenced with 100 panels to the acre, divided into convenient fields, mostly enclosed with locust post and chestnut rail fences, on which are erected a good two-story Stone House, Bank Barn, Corn and Carriage House, Hog Pen, Sheep Pen, Wood and wash House, and various other outbuildings. This property has running water at the door, has a good Orchard and other fruit trees, and is in every respect a desirable one. It can be easily divided into two parts if purchasers desire it.

Any person desirous of viewing the above property or ascertaining terms, &c., can call on or address George Bates, Lewistown, Pa., or the undersigned on the property.

R. P. HARVEY,

Milroy, Mifflin County, Pa., June 4, 1873, 21-3m

FARM FOR SALE,

At Eagleville, consisting of 106 acres and situated on the road leading from Bellefonte to Lock Haven, about one mile from Eagleville depot. There are four acres of nice

TIMBERLAND

and the balance is well divided in pasture and tillage, the buildings consist of a good two story House, well painted, good barn and other out buildings. The farm is well fenced and under high state of cultivation. Persons wishing to purchase can not do better than to call and see us.

Our terms are reasonable.

ADDRESS F. B. LIGGET,
Blanchard P. O,
Centre Co., Pa.

6-6tf

IF I SHOULD DIE TO-NIGHT.

If I should die to-night,
My friends would look upon my quiet face
Before they laid it in its resting place,
And deem that death had left it almost fair:
And laying snow white flowers against my hair,
Would smooth it down with tearful tenderness,
And fold my hands with lingering caress,
Poor hands, so empty and so cold to-night!

If I should die to-night,
My friends would call to mind with loving tho't
Some kindly deed the hand had wrought,
Some gentle word the frozen lips had said,
Errands on which the willing feet had sped:
The memory of my selfishness and pride,
My hasty words would all be put aside,
And so I should be loved and mourn'd to-night.

If I should die to-night,
E'en hearts estranged would turn once more me,
Recalling other days remorsefully,
The eyes that chill me with averted glance
Would look upon me as of yore, perchance,
And soften, in the old, familliar way,
For who could war with dumb, unconscious cl
So I might rest, forgiven of all, to-night.

O, friends, I pray to-night,
Keep not your kisses for my dead, cold brow;
The way is lonely, let me feel them now.
Think gently of me: I am travel worn;
My faltering feet are pierced with many a thorn;
Forgive, O hearts estranged, forgive, I plead;
When dreamless rest is mine I shall not heed
The tenderness for which I long to-night.

DID YOU LAUGH?

"Ye know not what manner of spirit ye are of."
—Luke ix., 55.

Friend, with what kind of spirit did you hear
That Neighbor So-and-so had gone astray
From the right way!
Pray, did it make you laugh? Say did you sneer?
How could you dare to laugh? How could you bear to jeer?
Is not this plain and clear,
"Who laughs at sin laughs at his Makers frown?"
If you can laugh at one already down,
You in that act have stumbled; you should fear
Lest by-and by you fall, perhaps below
The one whom you derided in his woe.
You laughed that Neighbor So-and-so
Had fallen in the mire!
Oh, was there in your nature nothing higher!
No sorrow for the sin, the grief, the shame!
No mourning for a tarnished, blighted name!
You laughed! For what! That Truth and Right had failed
You laughed! Wherefore! That evil had prevailed.
Friend, may our gracious Lord give thee to know.
What kind of spirit laughs at sin and woe.

GENEVA

SUNDAY READINGS.—No. 22.

I must work the work of him that sent me while it is day: the night cometh when no man can work JOHN 9: 4th.

Spend the day in useful work if possible. Do not say, "No man hired us," Seek work. Be able to say at the close of the day, "I have finished the work Thou has given me to do." Remember that you must give a strict account of your stewardship, and account for talents be they few or many. What more blessed words could a disciple hear from the Master's lips than, "She hath done what she could." The night cometh when no man can work. This life is the seed time, we shall percieve the fruits of our labor in another.

In a world of so much sorrow only the selfish can find time for discontent. "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto the least of these ye have done it unto me."

God looks at the motive, and accepts that as true industry when active labor is out of our power.

Each day we are writing in God's book the autobiography of our own souls, not stopping to read it perhaps, unable often to do so if we would. It is written in darkened chambers, or in gay revels, in patient submission, or in wild rebellion; in idleness or usefulness—in vigorous health, or in pain and exhaustion. Each word, each act, each thought is leaving its record. At the last day, when we stand before the judgement seat, and the books are uncealed, how shall we stand? What will be the sentence pronounced upon us?

Time is given to prepare for eternity. We cannot always be doing a great work, but we can be doing something that belongs to our condition. To be silent, to suffer, to pray when we cannot act, is acceptable to God. A disappointment, a contradiction, a harsh word received as in His presence is worth more than a long prayer. Every loving word, every good deed, every noble utterance is a real treasure laid up in heaven. God is our banker, and all that we place in His hands can know no decay.

Remember that each day you are casting a healing or a hurtful shadow. No man liveth to himself alone. There may be some poor soul back of you, creeping along with fear, and trembling amid the experience of life, poor, timid, and heart-broken. You cannot go and creep with him; you cannot grope amid the darkness and despair with him, but you can do one thing, you can lift up your voice and sing some song of holy confidence some sublime hymn of trust, and God will float the sounds back to that halting soul, and he will be cheered and strengthened and saved by your joy.

A man once took a piece of white cloth to a dyer to have it dyed black. He was so pleased with the result that after a time he went to him with a piece of black cloth and asked to have it made white. But the dyer answered: "A piece of *white* cloth is like a man's reputation: it can be dyed black, but you cannot make it white again."

Attorneys and Agents.

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. oct27'70-tf.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on High St. ja4'71-tf.

N. M ALLISTER.... .....JAMES A. BEAVER.

M'ALLISTER & BEAVER, Attorneys-at-Law Bellefonte, Pa. v5n1-1y.

ISAAC LYTLE, Attorney-at-Law, Officee wth Wilson & Hutchison, Allegheny street, Bllefonte, Pa. v4n46-1y

WM. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v4n12-1y

E. BLANCHALD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.

E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v5-1-1y.

J. J. LINGLE, Attorney at Law Osceola, Clearfield County, Pa., will practice in the several Courtsof Clearfield and Centre Counties. 5-6-1y.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brockerhoff House, next door to Centre County Banking Co. 5-17-1y

J. S. BARNHART, Attorney at Law. Collections and all other legal business promptly attended to, Office, 2nd floor over Bank of Wm. F. Reynolds & Co. v5n7-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co 's Bank. v4n27-1y.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, Notary Public, Military Claim Agent and Conveyancer, will attend faithfully to all business entrusted to his care. Office Nearly opposite the Court House, two doors from the Law-Office of Messrs Bush & Yocum. n4v20-1y.

ADAM HOY. JAMES T. HALE

HOY & HALE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business submitted to them with promptness and dispatch. Special attention given to Orphans Court Practise and Collections. Remittances promptly made. v4n42-1y

D. G. BUSH.....GEO. M. YOCUM.

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JOHN H. ORVIS. CYRUS T. ALEXANDER

ORVIS & ALEXANDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Conrad House, Allegheny street.

J. P. GEPHART,
WITH
ORVIS & ALEXANDER,

attends to collections and practice in the Orphans' Court. v5n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

AUGUSTUS HIBLER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence near the Quaker Meeting House. Will attend to all business in his profession at all times and at all hours. v4n23-1y.

GEORGE F. HARRIS, M. D., Physician and Surgeon; Pension Surgeon for Centre Co., will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. Office on High street, North side, Bellefonte, Pa. v5n4-1y.

JAMES H. DOBBINS, Physician and Surgeon. Office up stairs in J. H. McClure's building, Bishop street, Bellefonte, Pa. Will attend to all business in his profession, faithfully at all times and all hours. v5n2-1y.

DRS. T. R. & R. F. HAYES, Physicians and Surgeons, offer their professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office over *Watchman* office. Residence last house on East Linn Street v5n5-y

GEO. L. POTTER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office removed to house formerly occupied by Mrs Livingston, on Spring street, two doors South of Presbyterian church. mar16'70-tf.

J. C. McENTIRE, Dentist, notifies his friends and the public generally, that he has opened an office for the practice of his profession, in the brick building opposite the "Republican" office. All persons wishing Dental operations, teeth or repairs will please call. All I ask is a trial. Work warranted. 4-22-1y

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Upper Setts.....$15
Partial Setts $2 per tooth. Please give me a call. v3n-14

J. W. RHONE, Dentist, Boalsburg, Penn'a. In his office every Monday and Saturday of each week. Agent for the new improved Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Also Agent for the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company. The Assets on 1st January, 1872, were $51,577,997 00. Its cash Receipts During the year 1871, were $15,565,644 77. The cash Dividends paid to policy holders in 1871, were $3,365,495 12.
☞ The ratio of Expenses (including taxes) to receipts during the year 1871, were only seven and eight-tenths per cent., which is much less thar any other Company. 5-2-y

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JOSEPH A. RANKIN, Continues to insure Real and Personal Property in the following Companies, viz: Lycoming Fire Insurance Company of Muncy Pa., Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia Pa., German Insurance Company of Erie Pa., Armenia Insurance Company of Pittsburgh Pa., Columbia Insurance Company of Columbia Pa., and National Insurance Company of Hartford City. Office opposite the Presbyterian Church. v-5-no-2-1-y.

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v5n34-1y

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I concur in the above. T. C. THEAKER, late Com. Pats.

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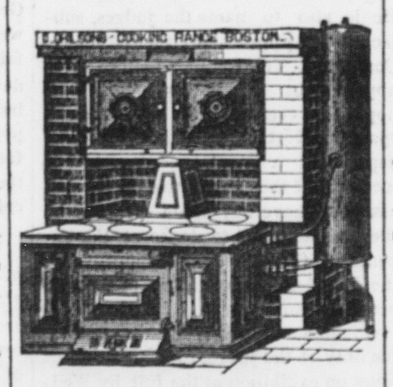

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jy14'73-1y. Prop'r.

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v4n33-1y

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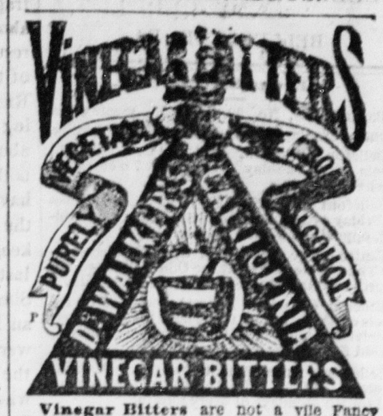

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Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. Says a distinguished physiologist: There is scarcely an individual on the face of the earth whose body is exempt from the presence of worms. It is not upon the healthy elements of the body that worms exist, but upon the diseased humors and slimy deposits that breed these living monsters of disease. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelminitics, will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS twice a week.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc., etc. In these as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters act on all these cases in a similar manner. By purifying the Blood they remove the cause, and by resolving away the effects of the inflammation (the tubercular deposits) the affected parts receive health, and a permanent cure is effected.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

The Aperient and mild Laxative properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are the best safe-guard in cases of eruptions and malignant fevers, their balsamic, healing, and soothing properties protect the humors of the fauces. Their Sedative properties allay pain in the nervous system, stomach, and bowels, either from inflammation, wind, colic, cramps, etc.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Directions.—Take of the Bitters on going to bed at night from a half to one and one-half wine-glassfull. Eat good nourishing food, such as beef-steak, mutton chop, venison, roast beef, and vegetables, and take out-door exercise. They are composed of purely vegetable ingredients, and contain no spirit.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, Cal., & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS & DEALERS.
5-2-6m.

LOGAN FOUNDRY

NEAR THE RAIL ROAD DEPOT

BELLEFONTE, PA,

It is with pleasure I inform the people Centre and the adjoining counties, that I am now prepared to make

HOUSE CASTINGS,

such as Sash Weights, Cellar Window Grates &c., of all sizes.

Grist & Sawmill Castings, Sled

Soles of all kinds, Plows, Plow Shares. I also manufacture the

IMPROVED WORTZ PLOW.

Also, Egg Stoves, Stove Castings, Oven Doors and Grates, Coal Grates for Pavements, Water Pipes, Wagon Boxes, together with every

VARIETY OF CASTINGS,

kept constantly on hand, or made to order. All orders filled promptly. Give me a call. Don't forget the place, near the Railroad Depot, Bellefonte.

ap1-1y. GEO. A. BAYARD

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 90, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 270, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 58, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each full moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Centre Commandery, No. 33, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

——Our thanks are due James Calder President Agricultural College, for the report of that institution.

——Our distinguished townsman, Hon. A. G. Curtin, returned from Saratoga on Tuesday week.

——It is reported that Joseph Gilliand, C. D. Keller and C. T. Alexander are to be chosen by Meek as his conferees.

——Tom Burnside is determined to impress upon the minds of the public the superior fragrance of those "Key West" cigars, two for five cents, therefore he has taken in his darkey and put out a skunk.

——Our energetic and enterprising friend H. Herman, proprietor of the New York Branch Store, closed out his business on last Thursday and will worship at the shrine of the fickle goddess at Blairville, Indiana Co.

——The fall term of the Agricultural College opens August 22. This institution is rapidly gaining an enviable reputation all over the state, and we are pleased to learn that it is receiving the encouragement and support it so richly deserves.

——The Centre Hall *Reporter* in its editorial on "Our County Ticket" last week says: "Men better qualified for their respective positions could have been chosen." We think so, but we did not give the *Reporter* credit for honesty enough to say so.

——The rain of Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday last week washed the dust and loose dirt from our hilly streets into Spring creek, and their coffee colored contributions copiously colored the creek as it capered carousingly carrying its codulated contents coastward.

——On Tuesday of last week the barn belonging to Jacob Gray, Half Moon, was struck by lightning and immediately took fire and burned to the ground. The flames spread so rapidly nothing was saved but his horses. All his hay, grain, harness and farming implements, in the barn were destroyed. Loss $3,000. Insurance $600.

——A gloom was spead over the community at Buffalo Run on Tuesday of last week, by the sad and sudden death of a son of Wm. Witmer by lightning. The boy, with his brother, was standing in the barn door when the lightning struck and instantly killed him. His brother escaped with out injury. He was a smart, intelligent boy of fourteen years, and loved by all who knew him, and the sympathy of the public is extended to his sorrowing parents and friends.

——A week ago last Monday a singular accident occurred near Lemont. As Wm. Forster, son of John Forster, was riding leisurely with a friend from Boalsburg on horseback his horse in kicking off the flies reached forward with his hind foot, caught it in the reins which were hanging loosely about his neck and fell suddenly on his side, throwing Forster under him and badly bruising his head on the stones. He was picked up in an insensible condition.

——The *Watchman* of last week compliments councilman Duncan for having the board walk on Water street, repaired. No doubt the hoof-bound, mooneyed Spangler who claims to be the localist of that delectable sheet, feels very grateful, for he might have tumbled into Spring Creek during the late freshets and we should have been pained to chronicle that there was one democraic candidate less for the District Attorneyship next year. It appears that Jack expects to be admitted *to the bar*, (we have not been advised as to which *bar*) some time soon; by reason of his having graduated in the *Watchman* office as being the most successful fraud in the county. He thinks it will be an easy matter for him to knock the props from under Potter and Fortney, even though he should be compelled to imitate his master and resort to a Chambers letter as the only source of success. We think by the time he gets through with his pet scheme he will be more snipe nosed than ever and the "sickest object visible" in Centre county Democracy.

SHOCKING TRAGEDY.—A shocking tragedy occurred at Julian Furnace about two o'clock on Friday last which resulted in the death of Dr. Williams of that place at the hands of Hardman Richards. There has been a long standing difficulty between the two parties, about four or five acres of land which both claim to own, and violent threats have been made by both parties and the prisoner was placed under bond to keep the peace. We visited the jail last Saturday and by the kindness of Sheriff Shaffer were permitted to have an interview with the prisoner. We were conducted to the second cell on the first floor and found Mr. Richards, who is a man of about 45 years of age, to be quite communicative. His story was in substance as follows: After dinner, Friday I started to go to the disputed land to cut a pole of which to make a sled sole, and arriving at Bald Eagle Creek found a quantity of drift wood washed up by the freshet and was standing upon it when Dr. Williams and his two sons came up. Dr. Williams remarked hat he should haul the wood away to-morrow, and I replied he had better see Aleck Edminson about it first. He wanted to know what business I had there and I replied that I thought I had as much business there as he had and a little more. Upon that he struck me with a club he had in his hand and called to his sons saying he would kill me. He hit me on the jaw (showing his jaw which was badly swollen) and struck at me a second time and I went to ward off the blow with my ax and I suppose it must have glanced off and hit him on the forehead. I believe he would have killed me if he had hit me the second time and I wish he had for I had better be dead than shut up here.

REPORTER.—When did this happen?

RICHARDS.—I think it was about 2 o'clock.

REP.—You were bound over to keep the peace some time ago?

R.—We were both bound over to this court.

REP.—Your case is not so bad as I supposed.

R.—But I have no witnesses. If there had only been one man there to see it, it would be better for me.

REP.—Dr. Williams' sons were there were they not?

R.—Yes, but they were fighting me too.

REP.—You delivered yourself up?

R.—Yes. Dr. Williams' was alive when I left.

REP.—How do yon feel about the matter Mr, Richards?

R.—Oh, its killing me, I never had a key turned on me in my life before.

REP.—What counsel have you engaged?

R.—Beaver and Orvis.

Below we give the case as stated by Dr. Williams' sons who were present and witnessed the tragedy.

The boys, aged respectively 15 and 17, were playing in the barn when they saw Hardman Richards go down to the driftwood, and went into the house and told their father who was sleeping, and the three went down together. They found Richards standing in the centre of the driftwood, and as soon as they got there he told them to "get out of this, you cannot have any of this driftwood." Dr. Williams replied he would not go away and that he should take the wood as Alexander Edminson (boss collier at Valentine & Co's) told him he could have it. Richards then cut a stick and struck Dr. Williams on the back making quite a bruise and struck at him twice with ax. Dr. Williams dodged the blows and in warding off with his left hand received a cut on the inside of the two first fingers. He then stooped to pick up a stick to defend himself with and as he was raising up Richards dealt the third blow, inflicting a wound four and a half inches in length, running from the left temple to the back part of the head, and cutting through the scalp, skull and penetrating the brain two and a half inches. Having committed this horrible deed Richards remarked he had waited for a chance of this kind for five years, and told the boys if they did not get out of the way he would serve them the same way. The boys ran and screamed, and the neighbors came to their assistance when the old gentleman was carried to the house and a physician sent for. Dr. Williams was unconscious from the time the blow was struck until his death on Saturday evening. He was about 70 years of age.

The above statements are given as nearly as possible verbatim, without favor to either party. There is a wide difference between the two stories and there may be exaggerations on both sides.

Dr. Potter, of Bellefonte, in his testimony before the cornoner's jury gave his opinion that the fatal blow must have been a very decided one as it was a clean cut, fracturing the skull but very little. The coroner's jury delivered a verdict to the effect that Dr. Williams came to his death by an incision of the brain, caused by a blow from an ax in the hands of Hardman Richards.

——In pursuance of notice to each member, a meeting of the Centre County Agricultural Society was held in the Court House last Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. There were about fifty members present. Hon. John H. Orvis, President or the Society, took the chair and stated that the first business in order was the election of officers for the ensuing year.

On motion of Wm. Hamilton, Samuel Gilliland, Richard Conley, Wm. Shortlidge and Christian Dale were appointed a committee to nominate candidates for the several offices. The committee reported the following named gentlemen who were unanimously elected:

President—John H. Orvis, of Bellefonte.

Vice Presidents—Christian Dale, Harris twp., Peter Hoffer, Potter twp., J. A. Woodward, Howard twp., Jno. Decker, Walker twp.

Secretary and Treasurer—Daniel S. Keller, Bellefonte.

Librarian—John T. Johnston, Bellefonte.

Executive Committee—Jas. A. Beaver, Bellefonte, John H. Musser, Haines, John I. Thompson, Huston, John B. Mitchell, Ferguson, Jno. Rishel, Potter. (The John's will not complain that they are not in the majority on this committee.)

Wm. Thompson, of Harris, John H. Orvis and James A. Beaver were chosen delegates to attend the next annual election of Trustees for the Agricultural College.

The expenses of the Society for the last year was $1,651 32, which included the premiums paid, also the interest on the indebtedness ($3,500), and $240 paid on account of a mechanics' lien against the Superintendent's house, showing a balance due Treasurer Shugert of $20,-44, which, considering that the property cost over $10,000, shows that the Society is in a solvent and prosperous condition.

The 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th of October is the time fixed for holding the next fair.

The committee was appointed to solicit conveyances to carry delegates to the College at the next annual meeting, Septempter 3d: Roland Curtin, Richard Conley, Adam Hoy, J. D. Shugert, Wm. Shortlidge, Dan'l Garman, D. Z. Kline, John P. Harris.

Mr. Orvis stated that some complaints had been made in regard to the premium list, and requested each member to give his views. Messrs. Baker, Dale, Prof. Hamilton and Shortlidge made suggestions as to the improvement of the premium list.

On motion it was resolved that a special committee should be appointed to consist of one member for each class of articles on the premium list, whose duty it should be to use every effort possible to get a full exhibition of all that class. He is also to name the judges, subject to the approval of the Executive Committee. This is a new feature in the appointment of judges, and it is hoped that every member appointed will spare no effort to make his particular department a grand success. If the members of this committee find it necessary to have any extra advertising, they are permitted to do so at the expense of the Society with approval of the President and chairman of the Executive Committee.

On motion *Resolved*, That it shall be the duty of the judges to examine all articles on exhibition at the fair by Wednesday evening. *Resolved*, 2d, That each exhibitor shall have the right to place his or her name on each article on exhibition during Thursday and Friday, if they so wish.

Each member of the Society is requested to communicate any suggestions he may wish in reference to the premium list to the chairman of the Executive Committee, James A Beaver.

Dr. Calder stated that a student from Ferguson township named Bloom, had been attending the College during the last year with the expectation that the Society, or some of its members would pay the expenses. Mr. Orvis stated that a proposition was made about a year ago that the Society should educate one student at the College, and a subscription had been taken from its members to raise the funds, which proved successful. Notice was given for boys to compete for the scholarship by examination. Henry Keller's son, of Boalsburg, was the successful applicant; but Dr. Potter's son, of Bellefonte, having stood quite as good an examination, it was concluded to take a second subscription, which was also subcessful, and Master Potter was awarded a place in the College. Mr. Orvis thought it would be a burning shame on the Society to allow young Bloom to be compelled to leave the school at this time. To carry out the views of some of the members, Wm. Thompson, Samuel Gilliland and Joseph Marshall were appointed a committee to solicit subscriptions.

On motion the Executive Committee were instructed to have the road which traverses the hill on the Fair Grounds, widened, or another road made for egress from the buildings on the hill, before the next fair.

Dr. Calder addressed the Society as to their doings at the College. He thought if the citizens of the county would visit them they would feel more interest in the success of the College. He felt that the institution was now on a solid basis. With the State endowment they have nearly one million of dollars invested.—Some of the most bitter enemies from other parts of the State had visited them during the year who were compelled to change their views and acknowledge the College a success.

——A terrific storm of hail, wind and rain passed over Penns valley last week (Tuesday) doing an immence amount of damage to crops, &c. Trees were torn up, fences blown down, window glass broken and things thrown around generally in a loose and promiscuous manner. The *Berichter* gives the following account of the doings of the storm King.

At the residence of Noah Stover, about 3 miles West of town, 93 panes of glass were broken, and the floor covered with hail until nothing else could be seen, the water was shoe deep on some of the upper floors. At the Gate house 23 panes of glass were broken and other damages sustained. At the residence of Frank Bowersox (Mr. John Keen's farm,) a large amount of glass was broken and much other damage sustained. In the Pine woods, about one mile West of the Gate, a large number of trees were uprooted, some of them falling across the Pike. At the residence of Hugh Laurimore, on Mr. Jacob Sankey's farm, trees were uprooted, fences blown down, glass broken, corn, oats and clover seed damaged, &c. At the residence of Aaron Ulrich considerable glass was broken, a large sugar maple tree, in front of the house, was twisted off and considerable other damage done. At the residence of William Wolf, (Mrs. Forster's farm) a large amount of damage was done to fences and crops.

There are a great many more, whose names we have not learned. The track of the storm seems to have been from 3 to 4 miles wide. The gardens and cornfields, on both sides of the Pike, from the Pine woods to Smith town, suffered more or less. In some gardens the tomatoes and cabbage are entirely destroyed. We have heard of no injury to individuals, thus far, and trust there will be none to chronicle.

The hailstones, in the vicinity of the Toll Gate, were as large as a walnut.

EDITORS REPUBLICAN:—Sam'l Gramley, of Miles twp., is named by the staunch Republicans of Brush and Penn's Valley's as their candidate for County Commissioner. We heartily second their desire. It means something to be a Republican on that side of the mountain. We ought to recognize the devotion to principle that characterizes our faithful friends on that, in the face of such overwhelming odds. Esquire Gramley is a man of rare intelligence, well known in his section of the county, faithful in the discharge of his public duties, and well acquainted with the business interests of our county. His popularity at home is attested by the fact that he has been elected a Justice of the Peace in a township largely Democratic.

We must have a change in our Commissioners office. Its condition is a disgrace to the county, to the Commissioners and to their clerk. All men who are really interested in the business affairs of the county hope for a change. Sankey has been renominated, which means a continuation of the old confusion and neglect. Let us give the people of Centre county a chance to remedy the crying disgrace shown in the conduct of affairs by nominating a competent and reliable candidate for County Commissioner. Such an one is Samuel Gramley

TAXPAYING REPUBLICANS.

——If Jack did not live so near Roopsburg he might be have able to read the act quoted in out last issue in reference to society meetings. We do not claim that it amounts to anything any more than the balance of Meek's legislative abortions, but it shows the lively interest that that public spirited(?) gentlemen takes in the welfare of the working man, and his willingness to sacrifice his own constituents to his own purposes. That act is in the pamphlet laws and every working man can find it if he takes the trouble but we know them to have too much sense to be frighened by such humbug legislation, or to be deceived by the perversion of facts in the silly reply of the *Watchman* to the charge made by us. Now come down to the point once or manfully give up beat. Why did P. Grey Meek give his influence to the passage of an act making it lawful for societies to meet in every county *except Clearfield and Centre*? The stupidity of such an act we will discuss after this matter has been explained.

A SAD CASE.—It always pains us to chronicle the misfortune of any man or class of men, and it is now our sad duty to record that with a few houses, the Boot and Shoe trade in Bellefonte has dwindled to ruinous proportions while their proprietors with despair depicted upon their countenances, stand from morn till night in their doorways, in the vain hope some customer will step in to their barren store rooms. We find it altogether different with Graham & Son, who have just recieved a splendid lot of Fall goods. They are selling men's calf and kip boots, and ladies and children lace boots at extremely low prices. The stock of no dealer who does not advertise will begin to compare with that of this enterprising firm. All goods warranted.

——The citizens of Ferguson twp. are waking up on the temperance question and on Friday, August 8, they held a meeting in Meeks Church which was very interesting and attended by a large and enthusiastic audience, the object being to assertain the feelings of the people on the Local Option law, and to provide for its thorough enforcement.

Mr. A. Atlee was chosen chairman and I. P. Campbell, secretary, after which Mr. John Gardner proceeded to state the object for which the meeting had been called stating in effect that as the violators of the temperance laws wer ecombined all over the county to sell spiritsous liquors with impunity and in defiance of justice, and the laws of the land, and he thought it quite important that temperance men should band themselves together in order to unite the public sentiment and procure the means necessary to secure the punishment of such violators. Rev. Norcross followed with a speach in which he said that it was useless to enact laws unless the public mind kept pace with those laws; and that unless the people were prepared to enforce the Local Option and all temperance laws, they were more than useless. He then urged the importance of resolutions setting forth the object of the association, making a motion that a committee of three be appointed to draft such resolutions, which was agreed to, and Rev. Norcross, John Gardner and R. P. Campbell were appointed a committee which had been previously appointed, to solicit funds for the prosecution of "Liquor Sellers" reported that twenty-five dollars had been raised and that more could be procured when wanted. Mr. Robert Gardner and Mr. Clempson were requested to state the particulars regrading the prosecution of Craig and Gate in Bellefonte during the last term of court.

These gentlemen claimed that they had not received justice at the hands of the court. That it was strange, and no less strange than pisgraceful, as well as an insult to public morality and justice that men cannot be convicted of selling spirituous liquors even though any number of witnesses are at hand to prove their guilt, simply because Centre Co. cannot furnish men enough outside the whiskey ring to constitute a sober and unbiased Grand Jury.

It is not so in other counties, as a scrutiny of the public journals clearly demonstrates. The committee on resolutions now being ready to report, offered the following which were adopted and read.

Resolve 1st. That we form ourselves into an association to be called the Union Temperance Association of Ferguson Twp.

2. The object of this association shall be to secure the co-operation of the citizens for the enforcement of the Local Option law.

3. We will hold a mass meeting in the Twp. upon the 1st Friday evening of each month, in order more easily to secure our object and the promotion of the temperance cause.

4. The officers of this association shall consist of a President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer, who shall be elected for the term of one year.

5. The executive committee shall consist of the President, Vice President, Secretary, whose duty it shall to arrange for each successive meeting by procuring speakers etc, so as to secure the greatest interest and efficacy.

6. That a committee on finance consisting of one person from each school district be appointed to solicit funds with which to enforce the Local Option laws.

7. That each meeting shall fix a place of next meeting, giving the executive committee power to change time for good reasons.

The following officers were then selectad for the ensuing year; President Amos Clempson, Vice President Rev. Norcross, Sec. A. Taport, Treas. John Gardner. After fixing the place of next meeting at Pine Grove Lutheran Church it was voted that the Sec. be authorized to have the proceedings of this meeting published in the County papers.

Voted to adjourn to meet at the fixed time and place.

——One of the most delightful walks in Bellefonte is the hill between Lamb and Linn streets which cuts Water street. This beautiful spot has never been robbed of its natural rural grandeur. Decayed stumps, relicts of what was formerly kings of the forrest, line the pathway and ragged rocks interpose at every convenient point, while the street lamp at the top of the hill sheds its brilliant rays in the evening in the eyes of the pedestrian. We noticed on last Saturday evening, when dark clouds threateningly overshadowed the earth, and the moon had a contract to shed its "bright silver light" over another portion of this benighted sphere, a young man toiling carefully up the stony pathway. With masterly engeneering he had successfully made half the ascent when he got down with a good deal of enthusiasm and embraced one of these venerable old stumps. His motions were sudden and impulsive to such a degree that his five dollar "beaver" did not partake of the inspiration of the occasion and irreverantly left its resting place and went bounding towards Spring Creek. We left the enthsiastic young man sitting on that stump caressing his shin, and calling our borough fathers pet names with considerable fluency.

——There will be a special meeting of the stockholders of the Bellefonte Building & Loan Association, at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A., on the third Saturday of September, (20th), at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of considering an amendment to the By-Laws, offered at the Directors meeting on Saturday last.

WM. P. DUNCAN, Sec'y.

Aug. 19, '73-2t.

IS LOCAL OPTION TO BE TAMPERED WITH?

MR. EDITOR.—As the Fall elections approach we hear rumors floating through the air, that the "liquor men" are trying to take advantage of the political situation, and by the aid of the Republican party, slip in a man of their own stripe in the place of Orvis, and then cry out for a *repeal* for Centre county. It is the strong desire of the friends of temperance to keep the question entirely free from party politics. We succeeded in this last spring, and we desire to do the same this fall. The only way that this can be done is for the Republicans to nominate a man who stands in a unequivocal position on that question. There can be no playing double games here. The friends of temperance know how Orvis stands, and they must and will know how the man stands who asks Republicans to vote for him. We cannot afford to barter principle for success. The ammunition is too precious to waste on such game. It will not pay. A man who will get into office in so questionable a way, will sell his vote, and soul too, in Harisburg. "Let us have peace." The people have decided the question of Local Option, let no politician lay his polluted hand upon the accomplished fact. The Republicans can gain nothing by equivocation.

TEMPERANCE.

——On account of the rainy weather on Tuesday last the A. M. E. Society postponed their picnic until to-morrow when, if the weather is not too juicy they hope to celebrate the 15th amendment in a manner becoming the grandeur of the occasion. Prof. Day, who was announced last week, will be present and deliver an oration at Reynold's Hall in the evening, and in addition are expected W. D. Forten and several other distinguished orators whose reputation is too well known to need further recomendation. No better orators can be found than those announced, and we hope they will receive an audience their ability deserves.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—We desire to bring forward the name Hon. John Irwin, Jr., for the office of State Senator. He is a man of unflinching integrity and acknowledged ability and if nominated would be sure to be elected. Let our Republicans turn in and, by nominating Mr. Irwin, reflect credit on the party by giving him the highest office within our gift at the coming election. HOWARD.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—As you are announcing the names of a number of persons to be brought before the Republican County Convention for office,—please permit me to name the Hon. A. R. Barlow of Worth township as a candidate for Legislator. Mr. Barlow having served two years is well known as an honest upright man, and consistant Republican and will make a strong candidate. HALF MOON.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—Among the several officers to be elected at the ensuing election, there is none of more importance than that of Jury Commissioner. The Republicans should have a candidate who is well acquainted throughout the county. A man who is not afraid to do his duty, a man who is capable of selecting the very best men in the county for Jurors, as such I feel that John S. Foster, of Harris township can be highly recomended. BOALSBURG.

MESSRS. TYPERS.—Please announce the name of Levi A. Miller as a suitable person to fill the office of assemblyman for the next year. Mr. Miller is a live, working republican, was a brave soldier in the late war, and if nominated will be more likely to carry the county against democratic rule and corruption than any other man. B.

MESSRS EDITORS.—As the Republicans of Centre county will soon be called on to nominate candidates to fill the several offices, allow me to name Dr. Miller Stewart of Burnside township as a man eminently qualified to represent the people in the general assembly. Dr. Stewart is a fine scholar and a gentleman in every sence of the word who if nominated will be a power within himself against the sham democracy. SNOW SHOE.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—Allow me, through the columns of your valuable paper, to present the name of Wm. Stover, of Aaronsburg, Haines twp., for the office of Commissioner. He is an upright, honest man and firm Republican, and will influence a strong vote in the county. MILLHEIM.

WE are authorized to announce the name of Dr. R. F. Vanvalzah, of Spring Mills, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

WE are authorized to announce the name of Wm. Stover, of Aaronsburg, as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

WE are authorized to announce the name of Samuel Gramley, of Miles twp., as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 2—In Clover seed nothing worthy of notice doing. Timothy is nominal at $4.25@4.50 per bushel. Flaxseed is dull at $2.15

Coffee, Sugar and Molasses are very firm, and the stock of the latter is reduced to 625 hogsheads against 6,165 hogsheads at this time last year. Of sugar the stock is 5,337 hogsheads, 4,01 boxes, 1,240 bags, 2,411 baskets, against 18,070 hogsheads, 2,961 boxes, and 4,681 bags; the same time last year.

There is less activity in the Flour market, the prices are unchanged. Sales of 800 barrels, in lot, at $3.50@4.25 for superdine; $4@5.37½ for extras; $6.75@8 for spring wheat extra families; $7.50@8.50 for Pennsylvania. Ohio and Indiana do, do., and $7.75@10 for fancy brands, as in quality. Rye Flour is quoted at $4.80@5.

In Corn meel no sales.

In Wheat markets greatly improved. Sales Pennsylvania and Southern red at $1.60@1.75; Western do. at 1.40@1.55, and amber at $1.58@1.66. Rye is nominal. Corn is quiet at 57½@59c. for yellow, and 56@57c. for mixed; 7,000 bushels sold. Oats are unchanged; sales of 2,000 bushels at 48@50c. for white, and 40@44 for mixed.

Whisky is firm at 97@98c. for Western Ironbound.

Grain and Flour Markets.

Corrected Weekly by Brockerhoff Bros.
BELLEFONTE, August 20, 1873.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 22
Red wheat No. 1	1 25
Barley	70
Corn, ears	35
Shelled corn	50
Oats	35
Rye per bushel	75
Buckwheat per bushel	60
Clover seed " "	5 00
Plaster ₱ ton	15 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by Brockerhoff Bros.

Apples, dried, per lb	6@8
Peaches, dried, per lb	12½@15@22
Cherries, dried, per lb	5
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter lb	20
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per lb	10
Cheese per lb	20
Hams per lb	16
Bacon	9
Sides	8
Lard per lb	8
Eggs per doz	20
Tallow, per pound	6
Rags	3
Potatoes per bushel	80
Dried Beef	